amended



1/16

OCTAVIAN MET

Version 2 / GB Revision Date: 12.12.2024 102000029478 Print Date: 21.01.2025

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name OCTAVIAN MET

Product code (UVP) 84128058

**UFI** 45J2-U052-1009-QNAV (for Northern Ireland only)

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Use** Herbicide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Bayer CropScience Limited

230 Cambridge Science Park

Milton Road

CB4 0WB Cambridge United Kingdom

**Telephone** +44(0)1223 226500

**Telefax** +44(0)1223 426240

FOR IRELAND & Bayer CropScience Ltd

NORTHERN IRELAND: Bayer Ltd

1st Floor, The Grange Offices The Grange, Brewery Road

Stillorgan Co. Dublin A94 H2K7 Ireland

**Telephone** +353 1 216 3300

Responsible Department Email: gb-bcs-crop-regulatory-affairs@bayer.com

1.4 Emergency telephone no.

**Emergency telephone no.** 0330 678 3382 (24 hr)

For Medical Professionals:

You can also contact the relevant NPIS.

For Members to the Public:

You can contact NHS111 (for GB) or your local GP (for Northern

Ireland)

National Poisons Information Centre UK: 0344 892 0111 National Poisons Information Centre Dublin: +353 1 809 2166

amended



2/16

OCTAVIAN MET

Version 2 / GB Revision Date: 12.12.2024 102000029478 Print Date: 21.01.2025

#### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 2

H373 May cause damage to organs (Nervous system) through prolonged or repeated

exposure if swallowed.

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 1 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Hazard label for supply/use required.

#### Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

- Flufenacet
- Diflufenican
- Metribuzin





Signal word: Warning

#### **Hazard statements**

H373 May cause damage to organs (Nervous system) through prolonged or repeated

exposure if swallowed.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH208 Contains Flufenacet, 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one, reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-

2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1). May produce an allergic

reaction.

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for

use.

#### **Precautionary statements**

P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor/ physician.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or

collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-

hazardous waste.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

No additional hazards known beside those mentioned.

amended



3/16

**OCTAVIAN MET** 

Version 2 / GB Revision Date: 12.12.2024 102000029478 Print Date: 21.01.2025

Diflufenican: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB). Flufenacet: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB). Metribuzin: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to

have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission

Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to

have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission

Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### **Chemical nature**

Suspension concentrate (=flowable concentrate)(SC) Flufenacet 240 g/l; Diflufenican 90 g/l; Metribuzin 70 g/l

#### **Hazardous components**

Hazard statements according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Name	CAS-No. /	Classification	Conc. [%]
	EC-No. / REACH Reg. No.	REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	
Flufenacet	142459-58-3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 STOT RE 2, H373 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	20.87
Diflufenican	83164-33-4	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	7.83
Metribuzin	21087-64-9	Acute Tox. 4, H302 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	6.09
Alkylated Naphthalene sulfonate, sodium salt	68425-94-5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318	>= 1 - < 3
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	2634-33-5 01-2120761540-60-0003	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	>= 0.025 - < 0.05
reaction mass of 5-chloro- 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-	55965-84-9	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310	>= 0.000115 - < 0.0015

amended



4/16

**OCTAVIAN MET** 

 Version 2 / GB
 Revision Date: 12.12.2024

 102000029478
 Print Date: 21.01.2025

one and 2-methyl-2H- isothiazol-3- one (3:1)		Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
Pyrogenic (fumed) amorphous silica	112945-52-5 01-2119379499-16-XXXX	Not classified	> 1
Glycerine	56-81-5 01-2119471987-18-XXXX	Not classified	> 1

#### **Further information**

1,2-Benzisothiazol-	2634-33-5	M-Factor: 10 (acute)
3(2H)-one		
reaction mass of 5- chloro-2- methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	55965-84-9	SCL: Skin Corr. 1C; H314: SCL >= 0.6 %
reaction mass of 5- chloro-2- methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	55965-84-9	SCL: Skin Irrit. 2; H315: SCL 0.06 - < 0.6 %
reaction mass of 5- chloro-2- methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	55965-84-9	SCL: Eye Irrit. 2; H319: SCL 0.06 - < 0.6 %
reaction mass of 5- chloro-2- methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	55965-84-9	SCL: Skin Sens. 1A; H317: SCL >= 0.0015 %
reaction mass of 5- chloro-2- methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	55965-84-9	SCL: Eye Dam. 1; H318: SCL >= 0.6 %

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### **Particle characteristics**

This substance/ mixture does not contain nanoforms

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

amended



**OCTAVIAN MET** 5/16

Version 2/GB Revision Date: 12.12.2024 102000029478 Print Date: 21.01.2025

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice Move out of dangerous area. Place and transport victim in stable

position (lying sideways). Remove contaminated clothing immediately

and dispose of safely.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or

poison control center immediately.

Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with Skin contact

polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. Call a physician

or poison control center immediately.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at

> least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a physician or poison control

center immediately.

Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center Ingestion

immediately. Rinse mouth.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms** If large amounts are ingested, the following symptoms may occur:

> The absorption of this product into the body may lead to the formation of methaemoglobine that, in sufficient concentration, causes cyanosis.

Shortness of breath, Drowsiness, tachycardia, Headache, Tiredness,

Dizziness. Nausea

Symptoms and hazards refer to effects observed after intake of

significant amounts of the active ingredient(s).

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Risks** Danger of formation of methaemoglobin.

**Treatment** Treat symptomatically. In case of methaemoglobinemia, oxygen and

specific antidotes (methylene blue/ toluidine blue) should be given. In case of ingestion gastric lavage should be considered in cases of significant ingestions only within the first 2 hours. However, the application of activated charcoal and sodium sulphate is always

advisable. There is no specific antidote.

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon

dioxide.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or

mixture

In the event of fire the following may be released:, Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Hydrogen fluoride, Carbon monoxide (CO),

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Sulphur oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Wear self-

contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

amended



OCTAVIAN MET 6/16

Version 2 / GB Revision Date: 12.12.2024 102000029478 Print Date: 21.01.2025

**Further information** Contain the spread of the fire-fighting media. Do not allow run-off from

fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Precautions** Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Use

personal protective equipment.

6.2 Environmental

precautions

Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water. If spillage enters drains leading to sewage works inform local water company immediately. If spillage enters rivers or watercourses, inform

the Environment Agency (emergency telephone number 0800

807060).

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid

binder, universal binder, sawdust). Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. Keep in

suitable, closed containers for disposal.

**Additional advice** Check also for any local site procedures.

6.4 Reference to other

sections

Information regarding safe handling, see section 7.

Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8.

Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling No specific precautions required when handling unopened

packs/containers; follow relevant manual handling advice. Ensure

adequate ventilation.

**Hygiene measures** Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes

separately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly

before using again. Garments that cannot be cleaned must be

destroyed (burnt).

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from direct sunlight. Protect from freezing.

**Advice on common storage** Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Suitable materials HDPE (high density polyethylene)7.3 Specific end use(s) Refer to the label and/or leaflet.

amended



7/16

#### **OCTAVIAN MET**

Version 2 / GB Revision Date: 12.12.2024 102000029478 Print Date: 21.01.2025

#### **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Diflufenican	83164-33-4	5.5 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*
Flufenacet	142459-58-3	0.3 mg/m3 (SK-SEN)		OES BCS*
Glycerine	56-81-5	10 mg/m3 (TWA)	2007	EH40 WEL
(Mist.)				
Pyrogenic (fumed) amorphous silica	112945-52-5	6 mg/m3 (TWA)	2007	EH40 WEL
(Inhalable dust.)				
Pyrogenic (fumed) amorphous silica	112945-52-5	2.4 mg/m3 (TWA)	2007	EH40 WEL
(Respirable dust.)				
Pyrogenic (fumed) amorphous silica (Respirable dust.)	112945-52-5	4 mg/m3 (TWA)	01 2020	EH40 WEL
Pyrogenic (fumed) amorphous silica (Inhalable dust.)	112945-52-5	10 mg/m3 (TWA)	01 2020	EH40 WEL
Metribuzin	21087-64-9	0.36 mg/m3 (SK-SEN)		OES BCS*

<sup>\*</sup>OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Refer to COSHH assessment (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (Amendment) Regulations 2004). Engineering controls should be used in preference to personal protective equipment wherever practicable. Refer also to COSHH Essentials.

#### Personal protective equipment

In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection is not required under anticipated circumstances of exposure.

Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's

instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.

Hand protection

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

amended



8/16

**OCTAVIAN MET** 

Version 2 / GB Revision Date: 12.12.2024 102000029478 Print Date: 21.01.2025

Wash gloves when contaminated. Dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination on the outside cannot be removed. Wash hands frequently and always before eating,

drinking, smoking or using the toilet.

Material Nitrile rubber
Rate of permeability > 480 min
Glove thickness > 0.4 mm
Protective index Class 6

Directive Protective gloves complying with EN

374.

**Eye protection** Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).

**Skin and body protection** Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 4 suit.

If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective

type suit.

If chemical protection suit is splashed, sprayed or significantly contaminated, decontaminate as far as possible, then carefully

remove and dispose of as advised by manufacturer.

Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and

should be professionally laundered frequently.

#### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Form** suspension Colour white to beige Odour weakly pungent **Odour Threshold** No data available Melting point/ range No data available **Boiling Point** No data available No data available **Flammability Upper explosion limit** No data available Lower explosion limit No data available

Flash point > 100 °C

Not relevant; aqueous solution

Auto-ignition temperature No data available

Ignition temperature 430 °C

Self-accelarating decomposition temperature (SADT)

No data available

**pH** 4.0 - 6.0 (100 %) (23 °C)

amended



9/16

**OCTAVIAN MET** 

Version 2 / GB Revision Date: 12.12.2024 102000029478 Print Date: 21.01.2025

Viscosity, dynamicNo data availableViscosity, kinematicNo data availableWater solubilityNo data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Diflufenican: log Pow: 4.2

Flufenacet: log Pow: 3.2 Metribuzin: log Pow: 1.6

Surface tension 36 mN/m (25 °C)

Determined in the undiluted form.

Vapour pressureNo data availableDensity1.15 g/cm³ (20 °C)Relative densityNo data availableRelative vapour densityNo data available

Assessment nano particles This substance/ mixture does not contain nanoforms

Particle size No data available

9.2 Other information

**Explosivity** Not explosive

Oxidizing properties No oxidizing properties

Evaporation rate No data available

Other physico-chemical Further safety rela

properties

Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

#### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**10.1 Reactivity** Stable under normal conditions.

**10.2 Chemical stability** Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to

prescribed instructions.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

**10.5 Incompatible materials** Store only in the original container.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

amended



10/16

#### **OCTAVIAN MET**

Version 2 / GB Revision Date: 12.12.2024 102000029478 Print Date: 21.01.2025

#### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute oral toxicity LD50 (Rat) > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50 (Rat) > 4.19 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Highest attainable concentration.

Determined in the form of a respirable aerosol.

Acute dermal toxicity LD50 (Rat) > 2,000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation No skin irritation (Rabbit)

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

No eye irritation (Rabbit)

**Respiratory or skin** Skin: Non-sensitizing. (Mouse)

sensitisation OECD Test Guideline 429, local lymph node assay (LLNA)

#### Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Diflufenican: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Flufenacet: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Metribuzin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Diflufenican did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Flufenacet caused neurobehavioral effects and/or neuropathological changes in animal studies.

Metribuzin caused specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies in the following organ(s): Liver. Kidnev.

Metribuzin: May cause damage to organs (Blood system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### Assessment mutagenicity

Diflufenican was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Flufenacet was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Metribuzin was not mutagenic or genotoxic based on the overall weight of evidence in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

#### Assessment carcinogenicity

Diflufenican was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

Flufenacet was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

Metribuzin was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

#### Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Diflufenican did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.

Flufenacet did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.

Metribuzin caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals. The reproduction toxicity seen with Metribuzin is related to parental toxicity.

#### Assessment developmental toxicity

Diflufenican did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.

Flufenacet caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Flufenacet are related to maternal toxicity.

Metribuzin caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Metribuzin are related to maternal toxicity.

amended



11/16

**OCTAVIAN MET** 

Version 2 / GB Revision Date: 12.12.2024 102000029478 Print Date: 21.01.2025

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Assessment

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

**Toxicity to fish** LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)) 2.13 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient flufenacet.

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) > 109 µg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient diflufenican.

Aquatic toxicity is unlikely due to low solubility.

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 74.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient metribuzin.

Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 30.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient flufenacet.

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) > 240 μg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient diflufenican. No acute toxicity was observed at its limit of water solubility.

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 49 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient metribuzin.

Toxicity to aquatic plants

EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 9,36 μg/l

Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h

Test conducted with a similar formulation.

NOEC (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 0,477 µg/l

Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h

Test conducted with a similar formulation.

EC50 (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)) 49,3 µg/l

Growth rate: Exposure time: 7 d

Test conducted with a similar formulation.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

amended



**OCTAVIAN MET** 

12/16 Version 2/GB Revision Date: 12.12.2024 102000029478 Print Date: 21.01.2025

**Biodegradability** Diflufenican:

Not rapidly biodegradable

Flufenacet:

Not rapidly biodegradable

Metribuzin:

Not rapidly biodegradable

Diflufenican: Koc: 3417 Koc

Flufenacet: Koc: 202 Metribuzin: Koc: 24 - 106

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation Diflufenican: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 1,596

Does not bioaccumulate.

Flufenacet: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 71

Does not bioaccumulate.

Metribuzin:

Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Diflufenican: Slightly mobile in soils Mobility in soil

Flufenacet: Moderately mobile in soils

Metribuzin: Mobile in soils

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment Diflufenican: This substance is not considered to be persistent,

bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Flufenacet: This substance is not considered to be persistent.

bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Metribuzin: This substance is not considered to be persistent,

bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have Assessment

> endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission

Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Additional ecological

information

No other effects to be mentioned.

#### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Product** In accordance with current regulations and, if necessary, after

consultation with the site operator and/or with the responsible authority, the product may be taken to a waste disposal site or incineration plant. Advice may be obtained from the local waste regulation authority (part

of the Environment Agency in the UK).

amended



**OCTAVIAN MET** 

13/16 Version 2/GB Revision Date: 12.12.2024 102000029478 Print Date: 21.01.2025

Contaminated packaging Small containers (< 10 l or < 10 kg) should be rinsed thoroughly using

an integrated pressure rinsing device, or, by manually rinsing three

times.

Add washings to sprayer at time of filling. Dispose of empty and cleaned packaging safely.

Large containers (> 25 I or > 25 kg) should not be rinsed or re-used for

any other purpose.

Return large containers to supplier.

Follow advice on product label and/or leaflet.

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### ADR/RID/ADN

14.1 UN number 3082

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(FLUFENACET, METRIBUZIN SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

14.4 Packing group Ш

14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark YES Hazard no. 90 **Tunnel Code** 

This classification is in principle not valid for carriage by tank vessel on inland waterways. Please refer to the manufacturer for further information.

#### **IMDG**

14.1 UN number 3082

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(FLUFENACET, METRIBUZIN SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 14.4 Packing group Ш YES

14.5 Marine pollutant

**IATA** 

3082 14.1 UN number

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(FLUFENACET, METRIBUZIN SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9

14.4 Packing group Ш

14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark YES

**UK 'Carriage' Regulations** 

14.1 UN number 3082

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

9

(FLUFENACET, METRIBUZIN SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

14.4 Packing group Ш

14.5 Environm, Hazardous Mark YES

amended



14/16

#### **OCTAVIAN MET**

Version 2 / GB Revision Date: 12.12.2024 102000029478 Print Date: 21.01.2025

Emergency action code

3Z

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

#### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **UK and Northern Ireland Regulatory References**

This material may be subject to some or all of the following regulations (and any subsequent amendments). Users must ensure that any uses and restrictions as indicated on the label and/or leaflet are followed.

#### **Transport**

Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 1348)

Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997 (SI 1997 No 2367) Air Navigation Dangerous Goods Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2786)

#### Supply and Use

Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 716) Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) (Northern Ireland) Regulations 2009 Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2677) EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits - Table 1 List of approved workplace exposure limits

EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits - Table 1 List of approved workplace exposure limits Control of Pesticide Regulations 1986

Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002

#### **Waste Treatment**

Environmental Protection Act 1990, Part II

Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations 1991

The Waste Management Licensing Regulations 1994 (as amended)

Hazardous Waste Regulations 2005 (Replacing Special Waste Regulations 1996 as amended) Landfill Directive

Regulation on Substances That Deplete the Ozone Layer 1994 (EEC/3093/94)

Water Resources Act 1991

Anti-Pollution Works Regulations 1999

#### **Further information**

WHO-classification: III (Slightly hazardous)

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Text of the hazard statements mentioned in Section 3

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

amended



OCTAVIAN MET

Version 2 / GB

Revision Date: 12 12 2024

 Version 2 / GB
 Revision Date: 12.12.2024

 102000029478
 Print Date: 21.01.2025

H302 Harmful if swallowed.H310 Fatal in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road

ATE Acute toxicity estimate

CAS-Nr. Chemical Abstracts Service number

Conc. Concentration

EC-No. European community number ECx Effective concentration to x % Worker Exposure Limit

EINECS European inventory of existing commercial substances

ELINCS European list of notified chemical substances

EN European Standard EU European Union

IATA International Air Transport Association

IBC International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous

Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code) Inhibition concentration to x %

IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LCx Lethal concentration to x %

LDx Lethal dose to x %

**IC**x

LOEC/LOEL Lowest observed effect concentration/level

MARPOL: International Convention for the prevention of marine pollution from ships

N.O.S. Not otherwise specified

NOEC/NOEL No observed effect concentration/level

OECD Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

RID Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

SI Statutory Instrument
TWA Time weighted average

UN United Nations

WHO World health organisation

The above information is intended to give general health and safety guidance on the storage and transport of the product.

It is not intended to apply to the use of the product for which purposes the product label and any appropriate technical usage literature available should be consulted and any relevant licenses, consents or approvals complied with.

The requirements or recommendations of any relevant site or working procedure, system or policy in force or arising from any risk assessment involving the substance or product should take precedence over any of the guidance contained in this safety data sheet where there is a difference in the information given.



**OCTAVIAN MET** 

16/16 Revision Date: 12.12.2024 Version 2/GB 102000029478 Print Date: 21.01.2025

The information provided in this safety data sheet is accurate at the date of publication and will be updated as and when appropriate.

No liability will be accepted for any injury, loss or damage resulting from any failure to take account of information or advice contained in this safety data sheet.

Reason for Revision: New Safety Data Sheet.

> The following sections have been revised: Section 3: Composition / Information on Ingredients. Section 11: Toxicological information on STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) and CMR (Carcinogenic,

Mutagenic and toxic to Reproduction).

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.