

For Members of the Public:

Information Centre Dublin

**National Poisons** 

Ireland).

Version 2 / GB 102000027432 1/15 Revision Date: 17.05.2023 Print Date: 16.07.2024

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier	
Trade name	CADOU MET
Product code (UVP)	84426849
UFI	6TK2-F08K-U00Q-94E3 (for Northern Ireland only) (voluntary notification)
1.2 Relevant identified uses of	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Use	Herbicide
1.3 Details of the supplier of t Supplier	t <b>he safety data sheet</b> Bayer CropScience Limited 230 Cambridge Science Park Milton Road Cambridge Cambridgeshire CB4 0WB United Kingdom
Telephone	+44(0)1223 226500
Telefax	+44(0)1223 426240
Responsible Department	Email: gb-bcs-crop-regulatory-affairs@bayer.com
FOR IRELAND & NORTHERN IRELAND:	Bayer CropScience Ltd Bayer Ltd 1st Floor, The Grange Offices The Grange, Brewery Road Stillorgan Co. Dublin A94 H2K7 Ireland
Telephone	+353 1 216 3300
1.4 Emergency telephone no.	
Emergency telephone no.	00800 1020 3333 (24 hr) (not available on non-contract mobile phones)
For Medical Professionals:	You can also contact the relevant NPIS.

You can also contact NHS111 (for GB) or your local GP (for Northern

+353-1-809 2166 (available from 8 am to 10 pm every day)



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#### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 2 H373 May cause damage to organs (Nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Acute aquatic toxicity: Category 1 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Category 1 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Hazard label for supply/use required.

#### Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

- Flufenacet
- Diflufenican
- Metribuzin



Signal word: Warning

#### **Hazard statements**

H373	May cause damage to organs (Nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
H410 EUH208	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Contains Flufenacet, 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one, reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl- 2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.
EUH401	To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

#### **Precautionary statements**

P260 P280 P308 + P311 P391 P501	Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor/ physician. Collect spillage.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

No additional hazards known beside those mentioned.

Metribuzin: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB). Diflufenican: This



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substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB). Flufenacet: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Ecological information:	The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.
Toxicological information:	The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### **Chemical nature**

Suspension concentrate (=flowable concentrate)(SC) Diflufenican 60 g/l; Flufenacet 240 g/l; Metribuzin 70 g/l

#### Hazardous components

Hazard statements according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Name	CAS-No. /	Classification	Conc. [%]
	EC-No. / REACH Reg. No.	REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	
Flufenacet	142459-58-3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 STOT RE 2, H373 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
Metribuzin	21087-64-9		
Diflufenican	83164-33-4	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	5.22
Alkylated Naphthalene sulfonate, sodium salt	68425-94-5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318	>= 1.0 - < 3.0
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	2634-33-5 01-2120761540-60-0003	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Skin Corr. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	>= 0.005 - < 0.05
reaction mass of 5-chloro- 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one and 2-methyl-2H- isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	55965-84-9	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317	>= 0.00015 - < 0.0015



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		Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
Glycerine	56-81-5 01-2119471987-18-XXXX	Not classified	> 1

#### Further information

1,2-Benzisothiazol- 3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	M-Factor: 10 (acute)
reaction mass of 5- chloro-2- methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	55965-84-9	SCL: Skin Corr. 1C; H314: SCL >= 0.6 %
reaction mass of 5- chloro-2- methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	55965-84-9	SCL: Skin Irrit. 2; H315: SCL 0.06 - < 0.6 %
reaction mass of 5- chloro-2- methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	55965-84-9	SCL: Eye Irrit. 2; H319: SCL 0.06 - < 0.6 %
reaction mass of 5- chloro-2- methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	55965-84-9	SCL: Skin Sens. 1A; H317: SCL >= 0.0015 %
reaction mass of 5- chloro-2- methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	55965-84-9	SCL: Eye Dam. 1; H318: SCL >= 0.6 %

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### Particle characteristics

This substance/ mixture does not contain nanoforms

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice	Move out of dangerous area. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely. Place and transport victim in stable position (lying sideways).
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Skin contact	Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.



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Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth.
4.2 Most important symptom	ms and effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms	The absorption of this product into the body may lead to the formation of methaemoglobine that, in sufficient concentration, causes cyanosis.
	If large amounts are ingested, the following symptoms may occur:
	Headache, Nausea, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Tiredness, Breathing difficulties, tachycardia
	Symptoms and hazards refer to effects observed after intake of significant amounts of the active ingredient(s).
4.3 Indication of any immed	diate medical attention and special treatment needed
Risks	Danger of formation of methaemoglobin.
Treatment	Treat symptomatically. In case of methaemoglobinemia, oxygen and specific antidotes (methylene blue/ toluidine blue) should be given. In case of ingestion gastric lavage should be considered in cases of significant ingestions only within the first 2 hours. However, the application of activated charcoal and sodium sulphate is always advisable. There is no specific antidote.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	In the event of fire the following may be released:, Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Hydrogen fluoride, Carbon monoxide (CO), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Sulphur oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Wear self- contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.
Further information	Contain the spread of the fire-fighting media. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

#### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Precautions** Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Use personal protective equipment.



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6.2 Environmental precautions	Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water. If spillage enters drains leading to sewage works inform local water company immediately. If spillage enters rivers or watercourses, inform the Environment Agency (emergency telephone number 0800 807060).
6.3 Methods and materials for	r containment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.
6.4 Reference to other sections	Information regarding safe handling, see section 7. Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8. Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

#### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling Advice on safe handling No specific precautions required when handling unopened packs/containers; follow relevant manual handling advice. Ensure adequate ventilation. Advice on protection Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. against fire and explosion Hygiene measures Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes separately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly before using again. Garments that cannot be cleaned must be destroyed (burnt). 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities **Requirements for storage** Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and wellareas and containers ventilated place. Keep away from direct sunlight. Protect from freezing. Advice on common storage Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Suitable materials HDPE (high density polyethylene) 7.3 Specific end use(s) Refer to the label and/or leaflet.

#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Metribuzin	21087-64-9	0.36 mg/m3 (SK-SEN)		OES BCS*
Diflufenican	83164-33-4	5.5 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*
Flufenacet	142459-58-3	0.3 mg/m3		OES BCS*



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		(SK-SEN)		
Glycerine	56-81-5	10 mg/m3 (TWA)	2007	EH40 WEL
(Mist.)				

\*OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Refer to COSHH assessment (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (Amendment) Regulations 2004). Engineering controls should be used in preference to personal protective equipment wherever practicable. Refer also to COSHH Essentials.

#### Personal protective equipment

In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

Respiratory protection	circumstances of exposure Respiratory protection shou short duration activities, wh been taken to reduce expos	uld only be used to control residual risk of ien all reasonably practicable steps have sure at source e.g. containment and/or vays follow respirator manufacturer's
Hand protection	breakthrough time which ar Also take into consideration the product is used, such a contact time. Wash gloves when contam inside, when perforated or v	tions regarding permeability and re provided by the supplier of the gloves. In the specific local conditions under which is the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the inated. Dispose of when contaminated when contamination on the outside cannot frequently and always before eating, the toilet. Nitrile rubber > 480 min > 0.4 mm Class 6 Protective gloves complying with EN 374.
Eye protection	Wear goggles (conforming	to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).
Skin and body protection	Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 4 suit. If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective type suit. If chemical protection suit is splashed, sprayed or significantly contaminated, decontaminate as far as possible, then carefully remove and dispose of as advised by manufacturer. Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and should be professionally laundered frequently.	

#### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties



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Form	suspension
Colour	white to beige
Odour	weakly pungent
Odour Threshold	No data available
Melting point/range	No data available
Boiling Point	No data available
Flammability	No data available
Upper explosion limit	No data available
Lower explosion limit	No data available
Flash point	> 102 °C No flash point - Determination conducted up to the boiling point.
Auto-ignition temperature	440 °C
Self-accelarating decomposition temperature (SADT)	No data available
рН	4.0 - 6.0 (100 %) (23 °C)
Viscosity, dynamic	293 mPa.s (20 °C) Velocity gradient 20 /s 112 mPa.s (20 °C) Velocity gradient 100 /s 226 mPa.s (40 °C) Velocity gradient 20 /s 85 mPa.s (40 °C) Velocity gradient 100 /s
Viscosity, kinematic	No data available
Water solubility	No data available
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Metribuzin: log Pow: 1.6
	Diflufenican: log Pow: 4.2
	Flufenacet: log Pow: 3.2
Surface tension	36 mN/m (25 °C) Determined in the undiluted form.
	40 mN/m (20 °C) Determined as a 0,1% solution in distilled water (1 g/l).
Vapour pressure	No data available
Density	1.15 g/cm³ (20 °C)
Relative density	No data available
Relative vapour density	No data available



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Assessment nano particles	This substance/ mixture does not contain nanoforms
Particle size	No data available
9.2 Other information	
Explosivity	Not explosive 92/69/EEC, A.14 / OECD 113
Oxidizing properties	No oxidizing properties
Evaporation rate	No data available
Other physico-chemical properties	Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity 10.2 Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions. Stable under recommended storage conditions.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to prescribed instructions.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
10.5 Incompatible materials	Store only in the original container.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

#### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute oral toxicity	LD50 (Rat) > 2,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	LC50 (Rat) > 4.19 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Highest attainable concentration. Determined in the form of a respirable aerosol. No mortality.
Acute dermal toxicity	LD50 (Rat) > 2,000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	No skin irritation (Rabbit)
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	No eye irritation (Rabbit)
Respiratory or skin	Skin: Non-sensitizing. (Mouse)



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#### sensitisation OECD Test Guideline 429, local lymph node assay (LLNA)

#### Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure

Metribuzin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Diflufenican: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Flufenacet: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure

Metribuzin caused specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies in the following organ(s): Liver, Kidney.

Diflufenican did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies. Flufenacet caused neurobehavioral effects and/or neuropathological changes in animal studies.

#### Assessment mutagenicity

Metribuzin was not mutagenic or genotoxic based on the overall weight of evidence in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Diflufenican was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests. Flufenacet was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

#### Assessment carcinogenicity

Metribuzin was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice. Diflufenican was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice. Flufenacet was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

#### Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Metribuzin caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals. The reproduction toxicity seen with Metribuzin is related to parental toxicity. Diflufenican did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats. Flufenacet did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.

#### Assessment developmental toxicity

Metribuzin caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Metribuzin are related to maternal toxicity.

Diflufenican did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.

Flufenacet caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Flufenacet are related to maternal toxicity.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### Endocrine disrupting properties

Assessment

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION



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Toxicity to fish	LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)) 2.13 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient flufenacet.	
	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) > 109 μg/l Exposure time: 96 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient diflufenican. Aquatic toxicity is unlikely due to low solubility.	
	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 74.6 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient metribuzin.	
Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 30.9 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient flufenacet.	
	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) > 240 μg/l Exposure time: 48 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient diflufenican. No acute toxicity was observed at its limit of water solubility.	
	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 49 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient metribuzin.	
Toxicity to aquatic plants	ErC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 9,36 µg/l Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h Test conducted with a similar formulation.	
	NOEC (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 0,477 $\mu$ g/l Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h Test conducted with a similar formulation.	
	ErC50 (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)) 49,3 μg/l Growth rate; Exposure time: 7 d Test conducted with a similar formulation.	
	NOEC (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)) 0,954 µg/l Growth rate; Exposure time: 7 d Test conducted with a similar formulation.	
12.2 Persistence and degradability		
Biodegradability	Metribuzin: Not rapidly biodegradable Diflufenican: Not rapidly biodegradable Flufenacet: Not rapidly biodegradable	
Кос	Metribuzin: Koc: 24 - 106 Diflufenican: Koc: 3417 Flufenacet: Koc: 202	
12.3 Bioaccumulative potenti	al	
Bioaccumulation	Metribuzin: Does not bioaccumulate.	



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	Diflufenican: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 1,596 Does not bioaccumulate. Flufenacet: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 71 Does not bioaccumulate.
12.4 Mobility in soil	
Mobility in soil	Metribuzin: Mobile in soils Diflufenican: Slightly mobile in soils Flufenacet: Moderately mobile in soils
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB	3 assessment
PBT and vPvB assessment	Metribuzin: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB). Diflufenican: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB). Flufenacet: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
12.6 Endocrine disrupting pro	operties
Assessment	The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.
12.7 Other adverse effects	
Additional ecological information	No other effects to be mentioned.

#### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	In accordance with current regulations and, if necessary, after consultation with the site operator and/or with the responsible authority, the product may be taken to a waste disposal site or incineration plant. Advice may be obtained from the local waste regulation authority (part of the Environment Agency in the UK).
Contaminated packaging	Triple rinse containers. Do not re-use empty containers. Not completely emptied packagings should be disposed of as hazardous waste.

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

ADR/RID/ADN 14.1 UN number 14.2 Proper shipping name

**3082** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.



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14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 14.4 Packaging Group 14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark Hazard no. Tunnel Code	(FLUFENACET, METRIBUZIN SOLUTION) 9 III YES 90 -
This classification is in principle not v refer to the manufacturer for further in	alid for carriage by tank vessel on inland waterways. Please nformation.
IMDG 14.1 UN number 14.2 Proper shipping name	<b>3082</b> ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (FLUFENACET, METRIBUZIN SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 14.4 Packaging Group 14.5 Marine pollutant	9 III YES
<b>IATA</b> 14.1 UN number 14.2 Proper shipping name	<b>3082</b> ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (FLUFENACET, METRIBUZIN SOLUTION )
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 14.4 Packaging Group 14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	9 III YES
<b>UK 'Carriage' Regulations</b> 14.1 UN number 14.2 Proper shipping name	<b>3082</b> ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 14.4 Packaging Group 14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark Emergency action code	(FLUFENACET, METRIBUZIN SOLUTION) 9 III YES 3Z

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

#### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **UK and Northern Ireland Regulatory References**

This material may be subject to some or all of the following regulations (and any subsequent amendments). Users must ensure that any uses and restrictions as indicated on the label and/or leaflet are followed.



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#### Transport

Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 1348)

Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997 (SI 1997 No 2367) Air Navigation Dangerous Goods Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2786)

#### Supply and Use

Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 716) Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) (Northern Ireland) Regulations 2009 Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2677) EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits - Table 1 List of approved workplace exposure limits Control of Pesticide Regulations 1986 Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002

#### Waste Treatment

Environmental Protection Act 1990, Part II Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations 1991 The Waste Management Licensing Regulations 1994 (as amended) Hazardous Waste Regulations 2005 (Replacing Special Waste Regulations 1996 as amended) Landfill Directive Regulation on Substances That Deplete the Ozone Layer 1994 (EEC/3093/94) Water Resources Act 1991 Anti-Pollution Works Regulations 1999

#### **Further information**

WHO-classification: III (Slightly hazardous)

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Text of the hazard statements mentioned in Section 3

- H301 Toxic if swallowed.
- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H310 Fatal in contact with skin.
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H330 Fatal if inhaled.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

- ADN European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
- ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- ATE Acute toxicity estimate
- CAS-Nr. Chemical Abstracts Service number
- Conc. Concentration



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EC-No. ECx EH40 WEL EINECS ELINCS EN	European community number Effective concentration to x % Worker Exposure Limit European inventory of existing commercial substances European list of notified chemical substances European Standard
EU IATA	European Union International Air Transport Association
IBC	International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code)
ICx	Inhibition concentration to x $\%$
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LCx	Lethal concentration to x %
LDx	Lethal dose to x %
LOEC/LOEL	Lowest observed effect concentration/level
MARPOL	MARPOL: International Convention for the prevention of marine pollution from ships
N.O.S.	Not otherwise specified
NOEC/NOEL	No observed effect concentration/level
OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SI	Statutory Instrument
TWA	Time weighted average
UN	United Nations
WHO	World health organisation

The above information is intended to give general health and safety guidance on the storage and transport of the product.

It is not intended to apply to the use of the product for which purposes the product label and any appropriate technical usage literature available should be consulted and any relevant licenses, consents or approvals complied with.

The requirements or recommendations of any relevant site or working procedure, system or policy in force or arising from any risk assessment involving the substance or product should take precedence over any of the guidance contained in this safety data sheet where there is a difference in the information given.

The information provided in this safety data sheet is accurate at the date of publication and will be updated as and when appropriate.

No liability will be accepted for any injury, loss or damage resulting from any failure to take account of information or advice contained in this safety data sheet.

#### Reason for Revision:

The following sections have been revised: Section 3: Composition / Information on Ingredients. Section 12. Ecological information.

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.