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#### **BETANAL TANDEM**

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# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name BETANAL TANDEM Product code (UVP) 05940486, 89149908

**UFI** C2T0-Y09Y-200H-YK77 (for Northern Ireland only)

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Use** Herbicide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier** Bayer CropScience Limited

230 Cambridge Science Park

Milton Road

CB4 0WB Cambridge United Kingdom

**Telephone** +44(0)1223 226500

**Telefax** +44(0)1223 426240

FOR IRELAND & Bayer CropScience Ltd

NORTHERN IRELAND: Bayer Ltd

1st Floor, The Grange Offices The Grange, Brewery Road

Stillorgan Co. Dublin A94 H2K7 Ireland

**Telephone** +353 1 216 3300

**Responsible Department** Email: gb-bcs-crop-regulatory-affairs@bayer.com

1.4 Emergency telephone no.

**Emergency telephone no.** 0330 678 3382 (24 hr)

For Medical Professionals:

You can also contact the relevant NPIS.

For Members to the Public:

You can contact NHS111 (for GB) or your local GP (for Northern

Ireland)

National Poisons Information Centre UK: 0344 892 0111 National Poisons Information Centre Dublin: +353 1 809 2166

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#### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Eye irritation: Category 2

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 1 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Hazard label for supply/use required.

#### Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

- Phenmedipham
- Ethofumesate





## Signal word: Warning Hazard statements

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH208 Contains reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-

isothiazol-3- one (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for

use.

#### **Precautionary statements**

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P264 Wash the contact area thoroughly after handling.

P305 + P351 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

+ P338 present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or

collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-

hazardous waste.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

No additional hazards known beside those mentioned.



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Alkylethersulfate, sodium salt: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB). Ethofumesate: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB). Phenmedipham: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to

have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission

Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to

have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission

Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### **Chemical nature**

Suspension concentrate (=flowable concentrate)(SC) Phenmedipham/Ethofumesate 200:190 g/l

#### **Hazardous components**

Hazard statements according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Name	CAS-No. /	Classification	Conc. [%]
	EC-No. /	REGULATION (EC) No	
	REACH Reg. No.	1272/2008	
Phenmedipham	13684-63-4	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	17.90
		Aquatic Acute 1, H400	
Ethofumesate	26225-79-6	Aquatic Acute 1, H400	17.00
		Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
Alkylethersulfate, sodium	68891-38-3	Eye Dam. 1, H318	>= 3.0 - < 10
salt	01-2119488639-16-XXXX	Skin Irrit. 2, H315	
		Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	
Diethylene glycol	111-46-6	Acute Tox. 4, H302	>= 1.0 - < 10
	01-2119457857-21-XXXX		
reaction mass of 5-chloro-	55965-84-9	Acute Tox. 3, H301	>= 0.00015 -
2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-		Acute Tox. 2, H310	< 0.0015
one and 2-methyl-2H-		Acute Tox. 2, H330	
isothiazol-3- one (3:1)		Skin Corr. 1C, H314	
` ′		Eye Dam. 1, H318	
		Skin Sens. 1A, H317	
		Aquatic Acute 1, H400	
		Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	

#### **Further information**

I reaction mass of 5-	reaction mass of 5-	55965-84-9	SCL: Skin Corr. 1C; H314: SCL >= 0.6 %
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chloro-2- methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)		
reaction mass of 5- chloro-2- methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	55965-84-9	SCL: Skin Irrit. 2; H315: SCL 0.06 - < 0.6 %
reaction mass of 5- chloro-2- methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	55965-84-9	SCL: Eye Irrit. 2; H319: SCL 0.06 - < 0.6 %
reaction mass of 5- chloro-2- methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	55965-84-9	SCL: Skin Sens. 1A; H317: SCL >= 0.0015 %
reaction mass of 5- chloro-2- methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	55965-84-9	SCL: Eye Dam. 1; H318: SCL >= 0.6 %

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### Particle characteristics

This substance/ mixture does not contain nanoforms

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**General advice** Move out of dangerous area. Place and transport victim in stable

position (lying sideways). Remove contaminated clothing immediately

and dispose of safely.

**Inhalation** Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or

poison control center immediately.

**Skin contact** Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with

polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. Call a physician

or poison control center immediately.

**Eye contact** Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at

least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a physician or poison control

center immediately.

**Ingestion** Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Keep at rest. Call a physician

or poison control center immediately.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

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**Symptoms** Drowsiness, Headache, lethargy, Dyspnoea, ataxia, Tremors

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Risks** This product, although being a carbamate, is NOT a cholinesterase

inhibitor.

Treatment Treat symptomatically. In case of ingestion gastric lavage should be

considered in cases of significant ingestions only within the first 2 hours. However, the application of activated charcoal and sodium sulphate is always advisable. Forced alkaline diuresis and hemodialysis may be considered. There is no specific antidote.

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Water spray, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Foam, Sand

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or

mixture

In the event of fire the following may be released:, Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Carbon monoxide (CO), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Sulphur oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective

equipment for firefighters

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

**Further information** Contain the spread of the fire-fighting media. Do not allow run-off from

fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Precautions** Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Use

personal protective equipment.

6.2 Environmental

precautions

Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for cleaning up** Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid

binder, universal binder, sawdust). Collect and transfer the product

into a properly labelled and tightly closed container. Clean

contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing environmental

regulations.

**Additional advice** Check also for any local site procedures.

6.4 Reference to other

sections

Information regarding safe handling, see section 7.

Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8.

Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

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#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling No specific precautions required when handling unopened

packs/containers; follow relevant manual handling advice. Ensure

adequate ventilation.

Hygiene measures Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes

separately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of

safely.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Protect from frost. Keep away from direct sunlight.

Advice on common storage Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Suitable materials Coex HDPE/EVOH

Coex HDPE/PA

HDPE (high density polyethylene)

HDPE - steel case

HDPE (high density polyethylene) -fluorinated

**7.3 Specific end use(s)** Refer to the label and/or leaflet.

#### **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Diethylene glycol	111-46-6	101 mg/m3/23 ppm (TWA)	2007	EH40 WEL
Diethylene glycol	111-46-6	10 ppm (TWA)		OES BCS*
Ethofumesate	26225-79-6	10 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*
Phenmedipham	13684-63-4	1.5 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*

<sup>\*</sup>OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Refer to COSHH assessment (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (Amendment) Regulations 2004). Engineering controls should be used in preference to personal protective equipment wherever practicable. Refer also to COSHH Essentials.

#### Personal protective equipment

In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

Respiratory protection Respiratory protection is not required under anticipated

circumstances of exposure.

Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of

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short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's

instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.

**Hand protection** Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and

breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the

contact time.

Wash gloves when contaminated. Dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination on the outside cannot be recovered. Week hands from any through the rest and always before actions

be removed. Wash hands frequently and always before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet.

Material Nitrile rubber
Rate of permeability > 480 min
Glove thickness > 0.4 mm
Protective index Class 6

Directive Protective gloves complying with EN

374.

**Eye protection** Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).

**Skin and body protection** Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 6 suit.

If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective

type suit.

Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and

should be professionally laundered frequently.

**General protective measures** If product is handled while not enclosed, and if contact may occur:

Complete suit protecting against chemicals

#### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form suspension
Colour light brown
Odour acid-like

Odour Threshold No data available

Melting point/ range No data available

Boiling point/boiling range ca. 100 °C

Flammability

Upper explosion limit

Lower explosion limit

No data available

No data available

Flash point  $> 101 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Auto-ignition temperature  $510 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

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**Thermal decomposition** > 275 °C Heating rate:10 K/min

**Self-accelarating** 

decomposition temperature

(SADT)

**pH** 5.5 - 7.0 (100 %) (23 °C)

Viscosity, dynamic 50 - 150 mPa.s (20 °C)

Velocity gradient 100 /s 250 - 350 mPa.s (20 °C) Velocity gradient 20 /s

No data available

Viscosity, kinematic 175 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (40 °C) Shear rate of 20/sec

69 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (40 °C) Shear rate of 100/sec

Water solubility dispersible

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Alkylethersulfate, sodium salt: log Pow: 0.3

Ethofumesate: log Pow: 2.7 (25 °C)

Phenmedipham: log Pow: 3.59

Vapour pressure No data available

**Density** ca. 1.12 g/cm³ (20 °C)

Relative density No data available
Relative vapour density No data available

Assessment nano particles This substance/ mixture does not contain nanoforms

Particle size No data available

9.2 Other information

**Explosivity** Not explosive

92/69/EEC, A.14 / OECD 113

Oxidizing properties No oxidizing properties

**Evaporation rate** No data available

Other physico-chemical

properties

Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

#### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**10.1 Reactivity** Stable under normal conditions.

**10.2 Chemical stability** Stable under recommended storage conditions.

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#### **BETANAL TANDEM**

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**10.3 Possibility of**No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to

**hazardous reactions** prescribed instructions.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

**10.5 Incompatible materials** Store only in the original container.

**10.6 Hazardous** No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

decomposition products

#### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

**Acute oral toxicity** LD50 (Rat) > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50 (Rat) > 3.04 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Determined in the form of a respirable aerosol.

Highest attainable concentration.

No deaths

Acute dermal toxicity LD50 (Rat) > 2,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Slight irritant effect - does not require labelling. (Rabbit)

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Irritating to eyes. (Rabbit)

**Respiratory or skin** Skin: Non-sensitizing. (Mouse)

sensitisation OECD Test Guideline 429, local lymph node assay (LLNA)

#### Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Alkylethersulfate, sodium salt: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Ethofumesate: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Phenmedipham: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Alkylethersulfate, sodium salt did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies. Ethofumesate did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Phenmedipham caused haemolytic anaemia, methaemoglobinaemia in animal studies. The observed effects do not appear to be relevant for humans.

#### Assessment mutagenicity

Alkylethersulfate, sodium salt was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests. Ethofumesate was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Phenmedipham was not mutagenic or genotoxic based on the overall weight of evidence in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

#### Assessment carcinogenicity

Alkylethersulfate, sodium salt was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

Ethofumesate was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

Phenmedipham was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

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#### Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Alkylethersulfate, sodium salt did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats. Ethofumesate did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.

Phenmedipham caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals. The reproduction toxicity seen with Phenmedipham is related to parental toxicity.

#### Assessment developmental toxicity

Alkylethersulfate, sodium salt did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.

Ethofumesate did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.

Phenmedipham caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. Phenmedipham caused a delayed ossification of foetuses. The developmental effects seen with Phenmedipham are related to maternal toxicity.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Assessment

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

**SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION** 

12.1 Toxicity

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) = 19.8 mg/l Toxicity to fish

Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) = 1.84 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient phenmedipham.

Chronic toxicity to fish Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

> NOEC: 0.096 mg/l Exposure time: 92 d

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient phenmedipham.

Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

NOEC: 0.0041 mg/l Exposure time: 92 d

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient phenmedipham.

Toxicity to aquatic EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) = 104.5 mg/l semi-static test; invertebrates

Exposure time: 48 h

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) = 2.033 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient phenmedipham.

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Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): = 0.005 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient phenmedipham.

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): = 0.026 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient phenmedipham.

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): = 0.25 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient ethofumesate.

Toxicity to aquatic plants

EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)) = 15.8 mg/l

Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)) = 1 mg/l

Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h

ErC50 (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)) = 34.1 mg/l

static test; Exposure time: 7 d

NOEC (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)) < 3.13 mg/l

static test; Exposure time: 7 d

ErC50 (Myriophyllum spicatum (Eurasian watermilfoil)) = 0.479 mg/l

static test; Exposure time: 14 d

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient ethofumesate.

NOEC (Myriophyllum spicatum (Eurasian watermilfoil)) = 0.036 mg/l

Growth rate; Exposure time: 14 d

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient ethofumesate.

EC50 (Lemna minor (common duckweed)) = 0.109 mg/l

Biomass; Exposure time: 7 d

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient phenmedipham.

EC50 (Lemna minor (common duckweed)) > 0.157 mg/l

Growth rate; Exposure time: 7 d

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient phenmedipham.

EC10 (Lemna minor (common duckweed)) = 0.022 mg/l

Biomass; Exposure time: 7 d

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient phenmedipham.

EC10 (Lemna minor (common duckweed)) = 0.044 mg/l

Growth rate; Exposure time: 7 d

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient phenmedipham.

EC10 (Myriophyllum spicatum (Eurasian watermilfoil)) = 0.028 mg/l

Biomass; Exposure time: 7 d

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient phenmedipham.

EC10 (Myriophyllum spicatum (Eurasian watermilfoil)) = 0.0208 mg/l

Growth rate; Exposure time: 7 d

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient phenmedipham.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Biodegradability** Alkylethersulfate, sodium salt:

rapidly biodegradable

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Ethofumesate:

Not rapidly biodegradable

Phenmedipham:

Not rapidly biodegradable

**Koc** Alkylethersulfate, sodium salt:No data available

Ethofumesate: Koc: 147 Phenmedipham: Koc: 888

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulation** Alkylethersulfate, sodium salt:

Does not bioaccumulate.

Ethofumesate: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 144

Does not bioaccumulate.

Phenmedipham: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 165

Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

**Mobility in soil** Alkylethersulfate, sodium salt: soluble in water

Ethofumesate: Moderately mobile in soils Phenmedipham: Slightly mobile in soils

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment

Alkylethersulfate, sodium salt: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB). Ethofumesate: This substance is not considered to be persistent,

bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Phenmedipham: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

**Assessment** The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have

endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission

Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Additional ecological

information

No other effects to be mentioned.

#### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Product** In accordance with current regulations and, if necessary, after

consultation with the site operator and/or with the responsible authority, the product may be taken to a waste disposal site or incineration plant. Advice may be obtained from the local waste regulation authority (part

of the Environment Agency in the UK).

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**Contaminated packaging** Small containers (< 10 l or < 10 kg) should be rinsed thoroughly using

an integrated pressure rinsing device, or, by manually rinsing three

times.

Add washings to sprayer at time of filling. Dispose of empty and cleaned packaging safely. Follow advice on product label and/or leaflet.

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

ADR/RID/ADN

**Tunnel Code** 

14.1 UN number **3082** 

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(PHENMEDIPHAM, ETHOFUMESATE SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
14.4 Packing group
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark
Hazard no.
90

This classification is in principle not valid for carriage by tank vessel on inland waterways. Please refer to the manufacturer for further information.

**IMDG** 

14.1 UN number **3082** 

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(PHENMEDIPHAM, ETHOFUMESATE SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9
14.4 Packing group III
14.5 Marine pollutant YES

IATA

14.1 UN number **3082** 

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(PHENMEDIPHAM, ETHOFUMESATE SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9
14.4 Packing group III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark YES

**UK 'Carriage' Regulations** 

14.1 UN number **3082** 

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(PHENMEDIPHAM, ETHOFUMESATE SOLUTION)

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

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See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

#### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **UK and Northern Ireland Regulatory References**

This material may be subject to some or all of the following regulations (and any subsequent amendments). Users must ensure that any uses and restrictions as indicated on the label and/or leaflet are followed.

#### **Transport**

Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 1348)

Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997 (SI 1997 No 2367) Air Navigation Dangerous Goods Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2786)

#### Supply and Use

Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 716) Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) (Northern Ireland) Regulations 2009 Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2677) EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits - Table 1 List of approved workplace exposure limits Control of Pesticide Regulations 1986

Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002

#### **Waste Treatment**

Environmental Protection Act 1990, Part II

Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations 1991

The Waste Management Licensing Regulations 1994 (as amended)

Hazardous Waste Regulations 2005 (Replacing Special Waste Regulations 1996 as amended) Landfill Directive

Regulation on Substances That Deplete the Ozone Layer 1994 (EEC/3093/94)

Water Resources Act 1991

Anti-Pollution Works Regulations 1999

#### **Further information**

WHO-classification: III (Slightly hazardous)

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Text of the hazard statements mentioned in Section 3

H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
11044	O

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

amended



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H315 Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. H317

Causes serious eye damage. H318

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road

ATE Acute toxicity estimate

CAS-Nr. Chemical Abstracts Service number

Concentration Conc.

European community number EC-No. ECx Effective concentration to x %

EH40 WEL Worker Exposure Limit

**EINECS** European inventory of existing commercial substances

**ELINCS** European list of notified chemical substances

European Standard ΕN **European Union** EU

International Air Transport Association IATA

International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous IBC

Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code) Inhibition concentration to x %

International Maritime Dangerous Goods IMDG

Lethal concentration to x % LCx

LDx Lethal dose to x %

**IC**x

LOEC/LOEL Lowest observed effect concentration/level

MARPOL MARPOL: International Convention for the prevention of marine pollution from ships

N.O.S. Not otherwise specified

NOEC/NOEL No observed effect concentration/level

OECD Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

RID Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

Statutory Instrument SI Time weighted average TWA

**United Nations** UN

WHO World health organisation

The above information is intended to give general health and safety guidance on the storage and transport of the product.

It is not intended to apply to the use of the product for which purposes the product label and any appropriate technical usage literature available should be consulted and any relevant licenses, consents or approvals complied with.

The requirements or recommendations of any relevant site or working procedure, system or policy in force or arising from any risk assessment involving the substance or product should take precedence over any of the guidance contained in this safety data sheet where there is a difference in the information given.

The information provided in this safety data sheet is accurate at the date of publication and will be updated as and when appropriate.

No liability will be accepted for any injury, loss or damage resulting from any failure to take account of



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information or advice contained in this safety data sheet.

**Reason for Revision:** The following sections have been revised: Section 3: Composition /

Information on Ingredients. Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal

Protection. Section 13. Disposal considerations.

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.