



SONIDO

Version 5 / GB
102000022825

1/12

Revision Date: 26.10.2018
Print Date: 30.10.2018

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name SONIDO
Product code (UVP) 79858876

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use Seed treatment, Insecticide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Bayer CropScience Limited
230 Cambridge Science Park
Milton Road
Cambridge
Cambridgeshire CB4 0WB
United Kingdom

Telephone +44(0)1223 226500

Telefax +44(0)1223 426240

Responsible Department Email: ukcropsupport@bayer.com

1.4 Emergency telephone no.

Emergency telephone no. 00800 1020 3333 (24 hr)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Reproductive toxicity: Category 1B
H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Carcinogenicity: Category 2
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Acute toxicity: Category 4
H302 Harmful if swallowed.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 3
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Acute aquatic toxicity: Category 1
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Category 1
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements



SONIDO

Version 5 / GB
102000022825

2/12

Revision Date: 26.10.2018
Print Date: 30.10.2018

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Hazard label for supply/use required.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

- Thiacloprid



Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements

- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
- H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- EUH208 Contains 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one, reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.
- EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.
Restricted to professional users.

Precautionary statements

- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
- P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
- P501 Dispose of contents/container to returnable container supplier.

2.3 Other hazards

No other hazards known.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature

Flowable concentrate for seed treatment (FS)
Thiacloprid 400 g/l

Hazardous components

Hazard statements according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Name	CAS-No. / EC-No. / REACH Reg. No.	Classification	Conc. [%]
		REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	
Thiacloprid	111988-49-9	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 Repr. 1B, H360FD	33.9

**SONIDO**Version 5 / GB
102000022825

3/12

Revision Date: 26.10.2018

Print Date: 30.10.2018

		Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5 220-120-9 01-2120761540-60-xxxx	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	> 0.01 – < 0.05
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	> 0.001 – < 0.0015
Glycerine	56-81-5 200-289-5	Not classified	> 1
1,2-Propanediol	57-55-6 200-338-0 01-2119456809-23-xxxx	Not classified	> 1

Further information

Thiacloprid	111988-49-9	M-Factor: 100 (acute), 100 (chronic)
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	M-Factor: 1 (acute)
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	M-Factor: 100 (acute), 100 (chronic)

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**4.1 Description of first aid measures**

General advice	Move out of dangerous area. Place and transport victim in stable position (lying sideways). Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Skin contact	Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.



SONIDO

Version 5 / GB
102000022825

4/12

Revision Date: 26.10.2018
Print Date: 30.10.2018

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, Salivation, Headache, Dizziness, Confusion, Restlessness, Bradycardia, tachycardia, Coma, Hypotension, Respiratory paralysis

Symptoms and hazards refer to effects observed after intake of significant amounts of the active ingredient(s).

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment Treat symptomatically. Monitor: respiratory and cardiac functions. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. In case of ingestion gastric lavage should be considered in cases of significant ingestions only within the first 2 hours. However, the application of activated charcoal and sodium sulphate is always advisable. There is no specific antidote.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Water spray, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Foam, Sand

Unsuitable None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture In the event of fire the following may be released: Hydrogen chloride (HCl), Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Carbon monoxide (CO), Nitrogen oxides (NO_x), Sulphur oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information Contain the spread of the fire-fighting media. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Precautions Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Use personal protective equipment.

6.2 Environmental precautions Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water. If spillage enters drains leading to sewage works inform local water company immediately. If spillage enters rivers or watercourses, inform the Environment Agency (emergency telephone number 0800 807060).

**SONIDO**Version 5 / GB
102000022825

5/12

Revision Date: 26.10.2018
Print Date: 30.10.2018**6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Methods for cleaning up Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Information regarding safe handling, see section 7.
Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8.
Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

Advice on safe handling Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation.

Hygiene measures Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes separately. Wash hands immediately after work, if necessary take a shower. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly before using again. Garments that cannot be cleaned must be destroyed (burnt).

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Keep away from direct sunlight.

Advice on common storage Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Suitable materials HDPE (high density polyethylene)

7.3 Specific end use(s) Refer to the label and/or leaflet.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**8.1 Control parameters**

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Thiacloprid	111988-49-9	0.34 mg/m ³ (TWA)		OES BCS*
Glycerine (Mist.)	56-81-5	10 mg/m ³ (TWA)	12 2011	EH40 WEL
1,2-Propanediol (Total vapour and particulates.)	57-55-6	474 mg/m ³ /150 ppm (TWA)	12 2011	EH40 WEL
1,2-Propanediol (Particulate.)	57-55-6	10 mg/m ³ (TWA)	12 2011	EH40 WEL

*OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"

8.2 Exposure controls

**SONIDO**Version 5 / GB
10200022825

6/12

Revision Date: 26.10.2018
Print Date: 30.10.2018

Refer to COSHH assessment (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (Amendment) Regulations 2004). Engineering controls should be used in preference to personal protective equipment wherever practicable. Refer also to COSHH Essentials.

Personal protective equipment

In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection is not required under anticipated circumstances of exposure.
Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.

Hand protection

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

Wash gloves when contaminated. Dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination on the outside cannot be removed. Wash hands frequently and always before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet.

Material	Nitrile rubber
Rate of permeability	> 480 min
Glove thickness	> 0.4 mm
Protective index	Class 6
Directive	Protective gloves complying with EN 374.

Eye protection

Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).

Skin and body protection

Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 6 suit.
If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective type suit.

Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and should be professionally laundered frequently.

If chemical protection suit is splashed, sprayed or significantly contaminated, decontaminate as far as possible, then carefully remove and dispose of as advised by manufacturer.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Form	suspension
Colour	red
Odour	weak, characteristic
pH	5.0 - 7.5 (100 %) (23 °C)
Flash point	> 74 °C

**SONIDO**Version 5 / GB
102000022825

7/12

Revision Date: 26.10.2018
Print Date: 30.10.2018

	No flash point up to decomposition.
Auto-ignition temperature	445 °C
Density	ca. 1.18 g/cm ³ (20 °C)
Water solubility	miscible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Thiacloprid: log Pow: 1.26 (20 °C)
Surface tension	41 mN/m (25 °C) Determined in the undiluted form.
Impact sensitivity	Not impact sensitive.
Oxidizing properties	No oxidizing properties
Explosivity	Not explosive
9.2 Other information	Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**10.1 Reactivity****Thermal decomposition** from 74 °C**10.2 Chemical stability** Stable under recommended storage conditions.**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to prescribed instructions.**10.4 Conditions to avoid** Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.**10.5 Incompatible materials** Store only in the original container.**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**11.1 Information on toxicological effects****Acute oral toxicity** LD50 (Rat) > 300 - < 2,000 mg/kg
Test conducted with a similar formulation.**Acute inhalation toxicity** During intended and foreseen applications, no respirable aerosol is formed.**Acute dermal toxicity** LD50 (Rat) > 2,000 mg/kg**Skin corrosion/irritation** No skin irritation (Rabbit)**Serious eye damage/eye irritation** No eye irritation (Rabbit)**Respiratory or skin** Skin: Non-sensitizing. (Mouse)

**SONIDO**Version 5 / GB
102000022825

8/12

Revision Date: 26.10.2018
Print Date: 30.10.2018**sensitisation** OECD Test Guideline 429, local lymph node assay (LLNA)**Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure**

Thiacloprid: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure

Thiacloprid did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Assessment mutagenicity

Thiacloprid was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Assessment carcinogenicity

Thiacloprid caused at high dose levels an increased incidence of tumours in rats in the following organ(s): uterus, Thyroid.

Thiacloprid caused at high dose levels an increased incidence of tumours in mice in the following organ(s): ovaries. The tumours seen with Thiacloprid were caused through a non-genotoxic mechanism, which is not relevant at low doses. The mechanism that triggers tumours in rodents is not relevant for the low exposures encountered under normal use conditions.

Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Thiacloprid caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals. Thiacloprid caused difficulties in parturition in rats. The mechanism of action for this effect is not considered to be relevant to man.

Assessment developmental toxicity

Thiacloprid caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Thiacloprid are related to maternal toxicity.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**12.1 Toxicity****Toxicity to fish**LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)) 25.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient.**Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) \geq 85.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient.EC50 (Chironomus riparius (non-biting midge)) 0.00218 mg/l
Exposure time: 28 d
The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient.**Toxicity to aquatic plants**IC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)) 96.7 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient.**12.2 Persistence and degradability****Biodegradability**

Thiacloprid:

**SONIDO**Version 5 / GB
102000022825

9/12

Revision Date: 26.10.2018
Print Date: 30.10.2018

	Not rapidly biodegradable
Koc	Thiacloprid: Koc: 615
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential	
Bioaccumulation	Thiacloprid: Does not bioaccumulate.
12.4 Mobility in soil	
Mobility in soil	Thiacloprid: Slightly mobile in soils
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	
PBT and vPvB assessment	Thiacloprid: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
12.6 Other adverse effects	
Additional ecological information	No other effects to be mentioned.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**13.1 Waste treatment methods**

Product	In accordance with current regulations and, if necessary, after consultation with the site operator and/or with the responsible authority, the product may be taken to a waste disposal site or incineration plant. Advice may be obtained from the local waste regulation authority (part of the Environment Agency in the UK).
Contaminated packaging	Small containers (< 10 l or < 10 kg) should be rinsed thoroughly using an integrated pressure rinsing device, or, by manually rinsing three times. Add washings to sprayer at time of filling. Dispose of empty and cleaned packaging safely. Large containers (> 25 l or > 25 kg) should not be rinsed or re-used for any other purpose. Return large containers to supplier. Follow advice on product label and/or leaflet.
Waste key for the unused product	02 01 08* agrochemical waste containing hazardous substances

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**ADR/RID/ADN**

14.1 UN number	3082
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (THIACLOPRID SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packaging Group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES

**SONIDO**Version 5 / GB
102000022825

10/12

Revision Date: 26.10.2018
Print Date: 30.10.2018

Hazard no. 90

This classification is in principle not valid for carriage by tank vessel on inland waterways. Please refer to the manufacturer for further information.

IMDG

14.1 UN number	3082
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (THIACLOPRID SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packaging Group	III
14.5 Marine pollutant	YES

IATA

14.1 UN number	3082
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (THIACLOPRID SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packaging Group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES

UK 'Carriage' Regulations

14.1 UN number	3082
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (THIACLOPRID SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packaging Group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES
Emergency action code	3Z

14.6 Special precautions for user

See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****UK and Northern Ireland Regulatory References**

This material may be subject to some or all of the following regulations (and any subsequent amendments). Users must ensure that any uses and restrictions as indicated on the label and/or leaflet are followed.

Transport

Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 1348)

Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997 (SI 1997 No 2367)



SONIDO

Version 5 / GB
102000022825

11/12

Revision Date: 26.10.2018
Print Date: 30.10.2018

Air Navigation Dangerous Goods Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2786)

Supply and Use

Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 716)
Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) (Northern Ireland) Regulations 2009
Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2677)
EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits - Table 1 List of approved workplace exposure limits
Control of Pesticide Regulations 1986
Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002

Waste Treatment

Environmental Protection Act 1990, Part II
Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations 1991
The Waste Management Licensing Regulations 1994 (as amended)
Hazardous Waste Regulations 2005 (Replacing Special Waste Regulations 1996 as amended)
Landfill Directive
Regulation on Substances That Deplete the Ozone Layer 1994 (EEC/3093/94)
Water Resources Act 1991
Anti-Pollution Works Regulations 1999

Further information

WHO-classification: II (Moderately hazardous)

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not required.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Text of the hazard statements mentioned in Section 3

H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute toxicity estimate
CAS-Nr.	Chemical Abstracts Service number

**SONIDO**Version 5 / GB
102000022825

12/12

Revision Date: 26.10.2018
Print Date: 30.10.2018

Conc.	Concentration
EC-No.	European community number
ECx	Effective concentration to x %
EH40 WEL	Worker Exposure Limit
EINECS	European inventory of existing commercial substances
ELINCS	European list of notified chemical substances
EN	European Standard
EU	European Union
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IBC	International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code)
ICx	Inhibition concentration to x %
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LCx	Lethal concentration to x %
LDx	Lethal dose to x %
LOEC/LOEL	Lowest observed effect concentration/level
MARPOL	MARPOL: International Convention for the prevention of marine pollution from ships
N.O.S.	Not otherwise specified
NOEC/NOEL	No observed effect concentration/level
OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SI	Statutory Instrument
TWA	Time weighted average
UN	United Nations
WHO	World health organisation

Reason for Revision: Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830. The following sections have been revised: Section 2: Hazards Identification. Section 3: Composition / Information on Ingredients.

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.

The above information is intended to give general health and safety guidance on the storage and transport of the product.

It is not intended to apply to the use of the product for which purposes the product label and any appropriate technical usage literature available should be consulted and any relevant licenses, consents or approvals complied with.

The requirements or recommendations of any relevant site or working procedure, system or policy in force or arising from any risk assessment involving the substance or product should take precedence over any of the guidance contained in this safety data sheet where there is a difference in the information given.

The information provided in this safety data sheet is accurate at the date of publication and will be updated as and when appropriate.

No liability will be accepted for any injury, loss or damage resulting from any failure to take account of information or advice contained in this safety data sheet.