Ⓗ - Herbicide

GROUP 9 HERBICIDE

Roundup®

ULTIMATE™

MAPP Number 21250

A foliar applied translocated herbicide for the control of annual and perennial grass and broad-leaved weeds before sowing or planting of all crops.

For use pre-emergence and pre-harvest in cereals and certain other crops, for destruction of grassland, and use in stubbles and orchards.

Degraded by micro-organisms/microbes in the soil.

A soluble concentrate containing 450 g/L glyphosate, present as 550 g/L (42.2% w/w) of the potassium salt of glyphosate

The (COSHH) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations may apply to the use of this product at work.

PROTECT FROM FROST

20 Litres

ROUNDUP ULTIMATE

UFI: 1WS1-P03G-1006-F4ED

Contains potassium salt of glyphosate and fatty alkyl ether alkyl amine ethoxylate.



Warning

Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
Keep only in original container.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.
To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

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Bayer CropScience Ltd
PO Box 1582, Cambridge, CB1 0FE, UK.
Telephone: 01223 226500
Website: https://cropscience.bayer.co.uk/

For 24-hour emergency information contact Bayer CropScience Ltd. Tel: 0330 678 3382 (24 hr)

National Poisons Information Centre UK: 0344 892 0111 (medical professionals only)

National Poisons Information Centre Dublin: +353 1 809 2166

IMPORTANT INFORMATION: FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY AS AN AGRICULTURAL/HORTICULTURAL HERBICIDE

Crops/situations: Wheat, (including Durum wheat), barley, oats, combining peas, field beans; Oilseed rape, linseed; vining peas, sugar beet, swede, turnip, bulb onion, leek; Mustard; All edible crops (stubble), all non-edible crops (stubble); All edible and non-edible crops (destruction, before sowing/planting); Grassland (destruction); Apple, pear; plum, cherry, damson; Green cover on land not being used for crop production.

Maximum individual dose:	}	
Maximum number of treatments:	}	Full details are given in
Latest time of application:	}	the attached leaflet
Other specific restrictions:	}	(Crop Specific Information – marked #)

READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE. USING THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER THAT IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL MAY BE AN OFFENCE. FOLLOW THE CODE OF PRACTICE FOR USING PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Operator protection

Engineering control of operator exposure must be used where reasonably practicable in addition to the following personal protective equipment:

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES when handling the concentrate and when handling contaminated surfaces.

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS), SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES AND RUBBER BOOTS when using hand-held sprayers, hand-held rotary atomisers, weed wiper equipment or spot gun equipment.

However, engineering controls may replace personal protective equipment if a COSHH assessment shows they provide an equal or higher standard of protection.

WHEN USING DO NOT EAT, DRINK OR SMOKE. WASH HANDS AND EXPOSED SKIN before eating and drinking or smoking and after work.

Environmental protection

Do not contaminate water with the product or its container except when used as directed. Do not clean application equipment near surface water. Avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads.

Storage and disposal

KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD, DRINK AND ANIMAL FEEDINGSTUFFS.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
KEEP IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, tightly closed, in a safe place.
RINSE CONTAINER THOROUGHLY by using an integrated pressure-rinsing device or manually rinse three times. Add washings to sprayer at time of filling and dispose of safely. Triple rinsed containers may be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

MAPP Number 21250

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Crop specific information

Crops/situations	Maximum individual dose (litres of product per hectare)	Maximum total dose (litres of product/ hectare/crop or situation/annum)	Latest time of application
Winter wheat, winter barley, winter oats, spring wheat, spring barley, spring oats, durum wheat, combining pea, field bean	3.2	3.2	7 days before harvest
Post planting and pre-emergence of listed cereals, oilseed rape, combining peas, vining peas, field bean, mustard, linseed, sugar beet, swede, turnip, bulb onion and leek	1.2	1.2	Pre-emergence (ensure spraying precedes ANY crop emergence)
Oilseed rape and linseed	3.2	3.2	14 days before harvest
Mustard	3.2	3.2	8 days before harvest.
All edible crops (stubble), all non-edible crops (stubble)	4.0 and/or 1.2	4.0 3.2	5 days before drilling or planting the following crop or 2 days before the drilling or planting of the following crop or 24 hours before cultivating
All edible and non-edible crops (destruction, before sowing/ planting).	4.0	-	-
Grassland	4.8	4.8	5 days before harvest, grazing or drilling
Apple and pear orchards	4.0	4.0	After harvest but before green cluster stage
Cherry, plum and damson orchards	4.0	4.0	After harvest (post leaf fall) but before white bud stage
Green cover on land not being used for crop production	4.8	4.8	24 hours before cultivating

Other Specific Restrictions
When applying through rotary atomisers, the spray droplet spectra produced must be of a minimum Volume Median Diameter (VMD) of 200 microns. Weed wipers may be used in any recommended crop where the wiper or chemical does not touch the growing crop.

For weed wiper applications, the maximum concentrations must not exceed the following:

(a) Weed wiper mix : 1:2.75 dilution with water
(b) Other wipers : 1:1.5 dilution with water

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

IMPORTANT: This information is approved as part of the Product Label. All instructions within this section must be read carefully in order to obtain safe and successful use of this product.

Warnings
EXTREME CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO AVOID SPRAY DRIFT AS THIS CAN SEVERELY DAMAGE NEIGHBOURING CROPS OR PLANTS.
DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY ROUNDUP ULTIMATE IN GALVANISED OR UNLINED STEEL CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS.
DO NOT leave spray mixtures in tank for long periods and make sure tanks are WELL VENTED.

Restrictions
A period without rain of at least 6 hours, and preferably 24 hours, must follow application of Roundup Ultimate herbicide.

Do not spray on to weeds suffering from drought, water-logging, heat or frost, otherwise poor control may result.

Do not spray in windy conditions as drift onto desired plants or crops could severely damage or destroy them.

For the pre-crop emergence uses, ensure that spraying precedes ANY crop emergence.

Do not tank mix Roundup Ultimate with adjuvants, pesticides or fertilisers except as specified under Directions for Use – Compatibility.

Applications of lime, fertiliser, farmyard manure and pesticides should be delayed until 5 days after application of Roundup Ultimate.

Keep stock out of treated areas for at least 5 days.

TREATED POISONOUS PLANT SPECIES MUST BE REMOVED BEFORE REGRAZING OR CONSERVING. Where Ragwort is present users should consult the Code of Practice on How to Prevent the Spread of Ragwort. Ragwort plants sprayed with this herbicide are more palatable and contain higher levels of toxins. Animals should be excluded from treated areas until any Ragwort has completely recovered or died and there is no visible sign of the dead weed. Do not include treated Ragwort in hay or silage crops.

Weeds controlled
Roundup Ultimate herbicide controls most emerged grasses and broad-leaved weeds. It is important that all weeds are at the correct growth stage when treated, otherwise some re-growth may occur and this will need re-treatment.

Apply Roundup Ultimate herbicide where there is full emergence of grasses and broad-leaved weeds and they have ACTIVELY GROWING green leaves.

- PERENNIAL GRASSES must have full emergence of healthy, green leaf. (Common Couch, for example, is always susceptible at the onset of tillering and new rhizome growth, which usually occurs when plants have 4-5 leaves, each with 10-15 cm of new growth).
- PERENNIAL BROAD-LEAVED WEEDS are most susceptible around the flowering stage.
- ANNUAL GRASSES AND BROAD-LEAVED WEEDS should have at least 5 cm of leaf, or 2 expanded true leaves, respectively. In set-aside, annual grasses are best treated at full ear emergence, or before stem elongation. Application during stem extension phase of annual grasses e.g. Black-grass and Brome species on set-aside between the end of April and end of May, may result in poor control and require re-treatment.

- OTHER SPECIES – recommendations for specific areas of use are given in the Recommendation Tables, pages 2-9.
- This product will not give an acceptable level of control of Horsetails *(Equisetum arvense)* – repeat treatment will be necessary.

Following crops
Upon soil adsorption the herbicidal properties of Roundup Ultimate are lost permitting the drilling of crops 48 hours after application.

Mixing and spraying
Correctly calibrate all sprayers under field or use conditions prior to application.

a) Tractor mounted and powered sprayers

These should be capable of applying accurately 80–400 L/ha within a pressure range of 1.5-2.5 bars (20-35 psi).

Half fill the spray tank with clean water, start gentle agitation, and then add the correct amount of Roundup Ultimate. Top up the tank with water to the required level. To avoid foaming do not use top tank agitation. Use of a de-foamer may be necessary.

Medium Volume application (150–300 L/ha) Avoid high water volumes (> 300 L/ha) which may lead to run-off from the treated vegetation, resulting in reduced control. Low drift nozzles which produce a medium or coarse spray (BCPC definition) should be used to minimise the risk of drift.

Low Volume Application (minimum 80 L/ha) Low volume application can be achieved by reducing pressure and appropriate nozzle selection. Low drift nozzles which produce a medium spray quality (BCPC definition) should be used to minimise the risk of drift.

b) Knapsack Sprayers

Recommended delivery range is 80–300 L/ha. Half fill the spray tank with clean water, add the correct amount of ROUNDUP ULTIMATE and top up with water, close the top and shake gently to ensure good mixing.

When used at a walking speed of 1 metre/second to apply a swath of 1 metre width, most knapsack sprayers fitted with a HYPRO AN 2.0 or similar nozzle deliver approximately 200 L/ha spray volume (or 10 L per 500 m²). To apply 3.2 L/ha of ROUNDUP ULTIMATE, therefore, use a 1.6% solution, i.e. 160 ml ROUNDUP ULTIMATE made up to 10 litres. Similarly, knapsack sprayers fitted with low volume nozzles such as HYPRO AN 1.0 typically deliver approximately 100 L/ha spray volume. To apply 3.2 L/ha ROUNDUP ULTIMATE in this case use 3.2% solution.

c) Rotary Atomisers

When rotary atomisers are used to apply Roundup Ultimate ensure that the droplet diameter falls within the range 200-300 microns for all uses. The water volume must be 40 litres/ha.

d) Hand-held Wipers

Roundup Ultimate may be applied through the weed wiper mini. Use a concentration of 1 part Roundup Ultimate to 2.75 parts of water and add a scarlet dye if required. Care should be taken to avoid dripping onto wanted vegetation.

e) Spot Gun Applicators – for treatment of individual weeds

Apply 4 ml of spray to target weed, using a narrow cone TG-3 or TG-5 nozzle.

Spot Diameter (metres)	Amount of Roundup Ultimate (ml) per 5 litres of spray solution: 2.4 L/ha	3.2 L/ha	4.0 L/ha
0.3	16	22.4	28
0.6	68	88	112

Compatibility
Do not tank mix Roundup Ultimate with adjuvants, pesticides or fertilizers except as advised by Bayer Crop Science. For up to date information on compatible products contact Bayer Crop Science.

This section is not part of the Product Label under the Plant Protection Products Regulations 1995 and provides additional advice on the product.

General Information
Roundup Ultimate is an advanced glyphosate formulation that offers a high standard of operator safety. To maximise the intrinsic safety of Roundup Ultimate to operator, consumer and environment, the label recommendations and the DEFRA/HSC/NAW publication "Code of Practice for Using Plant Protection Products" of January 2006, should be adhered to.

Roundup Ultimate herbicide is a foliar-acting herbicide with broad-spectrum activity. It is taken up by foliage and translocated to underground roots, rhizomes and stolons, providing control of both annual and perennial grasses and broad-leaved weeds. Roundup Ultimate is rapidly adsorbed onto particulate matter in soils and water and is quickly degraded by the micro-organisms present in soil. Upon adsorption, the herbicidal properties of Roundup Ultimate are lost, permitting drilling of crops within 48 hours of application. When used as directed, any water subjected to Roundup Ultimate spray drift may be used immediately for irrigation purposes. Until degraded, the active ingredient in Roundup Ultimate, glyphosate, is practically immobile in soils and is, therefore, unlikely to contaminate groundwater.

Symptoms on the weeds
Symptoms of treatment are generally first seen 7-10 days, or longer (if growth is slow), after spraying. These take the form of leaf reddening followed by yellowing and are usually quicker to appear on grasses than on broad-leaved weeds. Reaction of nettles is slow. Complete foliage desiccation usually occurs 30–40 days after spraying. At this stage, the reeds can be cut and removed. During cold conditions leaf symptoms may not appear before natural dieback but no growth will occur in the season following spraying.

Exclusion Times
People, pets and wildlife need not be kept out of treated areas. It is best not to walk in areas where the spray is still wet as transfer to other vegetation may lead to unwanted damage to other foliage. Once the spray is dry this cannot occur.

Weed resistance strategy
There is low risk for the development of weed resistance to Roundup Ultimate.

Strains of some annual weeds (e.g. Black-grass, Wild oats and Italian Ryegrass) have developed resistance to certain herbicides which may lead to poor control when using those herbicides. A strategy for preventing and managing such resistance should be adopted. This should include integrating herbicides with a programme of cultural control measures. Guidelines have been produced by the Weed Resistance Action Group and copies are available from the HGCA, CPA, your distributor, crop adviser or product manufacturer (Bayer).

Growers are encouraged to implement a weed resistance strategy based on (a) good agricultural practices and (b) good plant protection practices by:

- Following label recommendations
- The adoption of complimentary weed control practices
- Minimising the risk of spreading weed infestations
- The implementation of good spraying practice to maintain effective weed control
- Using the correct nozzles to maximise coverage
- Application only under appropriate weather conditions
- Monitoring performance and reporting any unexpected results to Bayer CropScience Limited.

General Cautions
Take extreme care to avoid drift, particularly when using near or alongside hedgerows. The use of low drift nozzles such as air induction and pre-orifice nozzles are recommended.

Calibration
All sprayers should always be calibrated before use. This is essential when nozzles are changed or if a different dose of product is to be applied.

Unused Spray Mixture
Once Roundup Ultimate has been diluted in the spray tank, it should be used as soon as possible. However, if unexpected delays occur the diluted spray can be safely stored. Agitate well before use. Storage for longer than 3 days may result in reduced efficacy.

Sprayer Maintenance
Ensure the sprayer is in good working order and replace damaged, worn or malfunctioning parts before use. Carry out maintenance according to the instructions of the sprayer manufacturer.

Sprayer Hygiene
It is essential to thoroughly clean-out spray tanks, pumps and pipelines and nozzle or disc assemblies, with a recommended detergent cleaner, between applying this product and other pesticides to avoid contamination from pesticide residues.

Disposal
Follow the guidance on the disposal of surplus spray solution, tank washings, concentrate and containers as given in Section 5 of the DEFRA/HSC/NAW publication "Code of Practice for Using Plant Protection Products", January 2006.

Trademark References
Roundup®, is a Registered Trademark of the Bayer Group.

All other brand names referred to are trademarks of other manufacturers in which proprietary rights may exist.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
Following the instructions on this Product Label for the specified uses should ensure that the product is used safely and efficaciously for those uses.

Up to date Safety Data Sheets are available on request. Download from https://cropscience.bayer.co.uk/ or Telephone: 01223 226500.

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Maximum individual dose: }
Maximum total dose: } Full details are given in
Latest time of application: } the attached leaflet
Other specific restrictions: } (Crop Specific Information – marked #)

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Operator protection
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WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS), SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES AND RUBBER BOOTS when using hand-held sprayers, hand-held rotary atomisers, weed wiper equipment or spot gun equipment.

However, engineering controls may replace personal protective equipment if a COSHH assessment shows they provide an equal or higher standard of protection.

WHEN USING DO NOT EAT, DRINK OR SMOKE.
WASH HANDS AND EXPOSED SKIN before eating and drinking or smoking and after work.

Environmental protection
Do not contaminate water with the product or its container except when used as directed. Do not clean application equipment near surface water. Avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads.

Storage and disposal
KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD, DRINK AND ANIMAL FEEDINGSTUFFS.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
KEEP IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, tightly closed, in a safe place.
RINSE CONTAINER THOROUGHLY by using an integrated pressure-rinsing device or manually rinse three times. Add washings to sprayer at time of filling and dispose of safely. Triple-rinsed containers may be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

MAPP Number 21250

RECOMMENDATION TABLES

AREA OF USE	TARGET WEEDS/USAGE	CROPS	WEED INFESTATION	APPLICATION RATE L/ha	WATER VOLUME	APPLICATION TIMING AND GUIDANCE
PRE-HARVEST ARABLE CROPS	Common Couch	WINTER and SPRING WHEAT, DURUM WHEAT, WINTER and SPRING BARLEY and WINTER and SPRING OATS	1-25 shoots/m² Up to 75 shoots/m² Over 75 shoots/m²	1.6 2.4 3.2	80-250 L/ha*	Grain/seed moisture must not exceed 30% at spraying. Harvest intervals: CEREALS, PEAS, BEANS 7+ days OILSEED RAPE 14-21 days LINSEED 14-28 days MUSTARDS 8-10 days Use high clearance, narrow wheeled tractors, wide booms and crop dividers. DO NOT TREAT CROPS GROWN FOR SEED. Effects on brewing and baking have not been tested. Consult grain merchant or processor before use. Treated straw must not be used as a horticultural mulch. # Use higher volumes for dense canopies. *Rotary atomisers may be used at a water volume of 40 L/ha. Ensure droplet diameter falls within the range 200-300 microns.
		OILSEED RAPE MUSTARDS	Up to 75 shoots/m² Over 75 shoots/m²	2.4 3.2	100-250 L/ha#	
		COMBINING PEAS FIELD BEANS	Up to 75 shoots/m² Over 75 shoots/m²	2.4 3.2	80-250 L/ha*	
		LINSEED	Up to 75 shoots/m² Over 75 shoots/m²	2.4 3.2	80-250 L/ha	
	Perennial broad-leaved weeds and other perennial grasses	WINTER and SPRING WHEAT, DURUM WHEAT, WINTER and SPRING BARLEY and WINTER and SPRING OATS	All levels/species	3.2	80-250 L/ha*	
		OILSEED RAPE MUSTARDS	All levels/species	3.2	200-250 L/ha	
		COMBINING PEAS FIELD BEANS	All levels/species	3.2	80-250 L/ha*	
		LINSEED	All levels/species	3.2	80-250 L/ha	
	Annual weeds, prior to direct combining	OILSEED RAPE MUSTARDS	All levels/species	2.4	100-250 L/ha#	
		LINSEED	All levels/species	2.4	80-250 L/ha	

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AREA OF USE	TARGET WEEDS/USAGE	CROP/SITUATION	WEED INFESTATION	APPLICATION RATE L/ha	WATER VOLUME	APPLICATION TIMING AND GUIDANCE
STUBBLES, PRE-SOWING and PRE-PLANTING	Common Couch	BEFORE ALL CROPS EXCEPT ORCHARDS	Up to 75 shoots/m² Over 75 shoots/m²	2.4 3.2	80-250 L/ha*	Do not cultivate immediately before spraying. **For PERENNIAL weed control, allow:** - 21+ days growth before spraying in spring - VOLUNTEER POTATOES to make ample top growth - 5 days before cultivating or drilling **For ANNUAL weed control, allow:** - 24 hours before cultivating - 48 hours before direct drilling Allow 7 days before planting trees * Rotary atomisers may be used at a water volume of 40 L/ha. Ensure droplet diameter falls within the range 200-300 microns. CAUTION - Ensure that spraying precedes ANY crop emergence. * Rotary atomisers may be used at a water volume of 40 L/ha. Ensure droplet diameter falls within the range 200-300 microns. Do not use under polythene or glass. Do not use in or alongside hedgerows *Rotary atomisers may be used at a water volume of 40 L/ha. Ensure droplet diameter falls within the range 200-300 microns
	Other perennial grasses; volunteer potatoes (autumn only)		All levels/species	3.2		
	Perennial broad-leaved weeds		All levels/species	4.0		
	Volunteer cereals and annual weeds		All levels/species	1.2		
	Perennial grasses and broad-leaved weeds	BEFORE ORCHARD PLANTING	Arable weeds Pasture weeds	3.2 4.0	80-250 L/ha*	
POST SOWING/ PLANTING, PRE-EMERGENCE OF THE CROP	Volunteer cereals and annual weeds	LISTED CEREALS OILSEED RAPE, MUSTARD, LINSEED, PEAS, FIELD BEANS, SUGAR BEET, SWEDE, TURNIP, ONION & LEEK	All levels/species	1.2	80-250 L/ha*	
ALL EDIBLE AND NON-EDIBLE CROPS (DESTRUCTION, BEFORE SOWING/ PLANTING	Vegetation management	-	Annual weeds Perennial grasses Perennial broad-leaved weeds	1.2 3.2 4.0	80-250 L/ha* or hand-held equipment	

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AREA OF USE	TARGET WEEDS/USAGE	CROP/SITUATION	WEED INFESTATION	APPLICATION RATE L/ha	WATER VOLUME	APPLICATION TIMING AND GUIDANCE
GREEN COVER ON LAND NOT BEING USED FOR CROP PRODUCTION EG "SET ASIDE"	Common Couch	BEFORE or DURING REMOVAL FROM PRODUCTION	Up to 75 shoots/m² Over 75 shoots/m²	2.4 3.2	80-250 L/ha* or hand-held equipment or tractor mounted weed wiper	Before using on land taken out of production as part of a grant aided scheme, ensure compliance with the management rules of that scheme. Do not 'top' or cultivate immediately before application. **For PERENNIAL weed control, allow:-** - 21+ days growth before spraying in spring - 5 days before cultivating or drilling. **For ANNUAL weed control, allow:** - 24 hours before cultivating. Do not direct drill after set aside. * Rotary atomisers may be used at a water volume of 40 L/ha. Ensure droplet diameter falls within the range 200-300 microns. Avoid applications during stem elongation as reduced control and re-spray is likely. Best control of annual grasses is achieved between full ear emergence and senescence. +Only for weeds listed as per grassland destruction application rate table below.
	Perennial broad-leaved weeds and other perennial grasses		All levels/species	3.2		
	Annual weeds: - early autumn/spring - late spring/ summer		All levels/species All levels/species	1.2 2.4		
	Natural regeneration and cover crop destruction	AFTER SHORT ROTATION or LONG TERM REMOVAL FROM PRODUCTION	Annual weeds only Perennial grasses Perennial broad-leaved weeds Perennial broad-leaved weeds as listed below	2.4 3.2 4.0 4.8+	150-250 L/ha or hand-held equipment or tractor mounted weed wiper	
GRASSLAND - DESTRUCTION	Short rotation Ryegrass, longer leys and permanent pasture	GRASS	Short rotation Ryegrass with annual weeds Leys 2-4 years old with perennial grass weeds Long leys 4-7 years old with perennial broad-leaved weeds Permanent pasture See Weed Table below.	2.4 3.2 4.0 4.8	150-250 L/ha	Treat EITHER before grazing/mowing in June–Oct, when growth is 30–60 cm, not dense and lacking mature seeds, OR re-growth after grazing/mowing. Select the application rate which controls/destroys the least susceptible weed and grass species present in the sward. Grass may be conserved or grazed by cattle, dairy cows or sheep 5+ days after spraying. REMOVE POISONOUS PLANTS BEFORE GRAZING/MOWING. If Ragwort is present, the guidance in the 'DIRECTIONS FOR USE' must be followed. ONLY direct drill grass and clover EITHER into 1-2 year leys without mat, 5+ days after spraying, OR long leys with some mat, in the spring following autumn application.

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APPLICATION RATE FOR GRASSLAND DESTRUCTION

2.4 L/ha	3.2 L/ha	4.0 L/ha	4.8 L/ha
Annual Meadow-grass Common Chickweed Common Mouse-ear Dock Seedlings Italian Rye-grass Mayweed species Meadow Fescue Meadow Foxtail Rough Meadow-grass Speedwell species Timothy	Black-bent Broad-leaved Dock Cock's-foot Common Bent Common Couch Creeping Bent Creeping Soft-grass Curled Dock Perennial Rye-grass Plantains Soft Brome Yorkshire Fog	Bracken** Common Sorrel Common Nettle Creeping Buttercup Creeping Thistle Daisy Dwarf Thistle Perennial Sow-thistle Red Clover Sedges Sheep's Sorrel Soft Rush Spear Thistle Tufted Hairgrass Yarrow	Common Ragwort Hard Rush Heath Rush Jointed Rush *Molinia* (Purple Moor-grass) Nardus (Mat grass) Red Fescue White Clover* Yellow Rattle Sheep's Fescue

* White Clover is best cut in June and sprayed one month later ** At full frond expansion

AREA OF USE	TARGET WEEDS/USAGE	CROP/SITUATION	WEED INFESTATION	APPLICATION RATE L/ha	WATER VOLUME	APPLICATION TIMING AND GUIDANCE
ORCHARDS	Perennial grasses, broad-leaved weeds Root suckers	APPLE, PEAR, PLUM, CHERRY, DAMSON	All levels of most species -	4.0 4.0	Hydraulic sprayers including hand held 200-400 L/ha or Rotary atomisers at 40 L/ha	Spray AFTER autumn leaf-fall and BEFORE: Apples, pears - green cluster stage Stone fruit - white bud stage Treat root suckers in late spring only. Trees must have been established 2+ years.
IN-CROP (TRACTOR-MOUNTED WEED WIPER APPLICATION)	Bolters, weed beet, other weeds	ARABLE CROPS AND GRASSLAND SET ASIDE	All levels			Avoid contact with tree 30+ cm above ground. Weeds must be 10+ cm taller, and wiper 5+ cm higher, than desired vegetation. Wipe dense populations twice, in opposite directions. BOLTING BEET requires three applications, 2 weeks apart, from early July to early August. Contact Bayer or your distributor for specific recommended weed wiper applicators. POISONOUS WEEDS and grazing/mowing interval - See GRASSLAND section. If Ragwort is present, the guidance in the 'DIRECTIONS FOR USE' must be followed.

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