SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	PROVERB
Product code (UVP)	81710228
UFI	WKV0-N0AF-X00V-5G43 (for Northern Ireland only)

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use	Herbicide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier	Bayer CropScience Limited PO Box 1582 CB1 0FE Cambridge United Kingdom
Telephone	+44(0)1223 226500
FOR NORTHERN IRELAND:	Bayer CropScience Ltd Bayer Ltd 1st Floor, The Grange Offices The Grange, Brewery Road Stillorgan Co. Dublin A94 H2K7 Ireland
Telephone	+353 1 216 3300
Responsible Department	Email: gb-bcs-crop-regulatory-affairs@bayer.com

1.4 Emergency telephone no.

Emergency telephone no.	0330 678 3382 (24 hr) For Medical Professionals: You can also contact the relevant NPIS. For Members to the Public: You can contact NHS111 (for GB) or your local GP (for Northern Ireland) National Poisons Information Centre UK: 0344 892 0111 National Poisons Information Centre Dublin: +353 1 809 2166

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended. (CLP Regulation including Northern Ireland)

Eye irritation: Category 2
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 1
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistent, mobile and toxic:
EUH450 Can cause long-lasting and diffuse contamination of water resources.

Very persistent and very mobile:
EUH451 Can cause very long-lasting and diffuse contamination of water resources.

Classification according to UK/GB regulations

Skin corrosion: Category 2
H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended. (CLP Regulation including Northern Ireland)

Hazard label for supply/use required.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

- Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium
- Mesosulfuron-methyl
- Thiencarbazone-methyl
- Mefenpyr-diethyl

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH451 Can cause very long-lasting and diffuse contamination of water resources.
EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

Precautionary statements

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P391	Collect spillage.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

Labelling according to UK/GB regulations

Hazard label for supply/use required.

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements

H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH401	To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

Precautionary statements

P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/ physician.
P391	Collect spillage.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

2.3 Other hazards

Dust may form explosive mixture in air.

Product contains substances which are persistent, mobile, and toxic (PMT).
Product contains substances which are very persistent and very mobile (vPvM).

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
Mesosulfuron-methyl: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
Thiencarbazone-methyl: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
Mefenpyr-diethyl: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Ecological information:	The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.
Toxicological information:	The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to

have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature

Water dispersible granules (WG)
Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium 0,9 % + Mefenpyr-diethyl 13,5 % + Mesosulfuron-methyl 4,5 % + Thiencarbazone-methyl 2,25 %

Hazardous components

Hazard statements according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Name	CAS-No. / EC-No. / REACH Reg. No.	Classification REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	Conc. [%]
Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium	144550-36-7 604-422-1	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 PMT EUH450 vPvM EUH451	0.9
Mesosulfuron-methyl	208465-21-8	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 PMT EUH450 vPvM EUH451	4.50
Thiencarbazone-methyl	317815-83-1	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 PMT EUH450 vPvM EUH451	2.25
Mefenpyr-diethyl	135590-91-9 01-2119480146-39-0000	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 vPvM EUH451	13.50
Alkylnaphthalenesulfonic acid, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt	68425-94-5	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	> 5 – <= 25
Reaction product of naphthalene, propan-2-ol, sulfonated and neutralized by caustic soda	01-2119969954-16-XXXX	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	> 1 – < 5
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salt	1335202-81-7 932-231-6 01-2119560592-37-xxxx	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	>= 1 – < 3
2-Ethylhexanol	104-76-7 01-2119487289-20-xxxx	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	>= 1 – < 3
Calcium carbonate	1317-65-3	Not classified	>= 1
Synthetic amorphous	112926-00-8	Not classified	>= 1

silica	01-2119379499-16-XXXX		
Starch	9005-25-8	Not classified	>= 1

Further information

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium	144550-36-7	M-Factor: 1,000 (acute)

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Particle characteristics

This substance/ mixture does not contain nanoforms.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice Move out of dangerous area. Place and transport victim in stable position (lying sideways). Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Skin contact Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms No symptoms known or expected.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment Treat symptomatically. In case of ingestion gastric lavage should be considered in cases of significant ingestions only within the first 2 hours. However, the application of activated charcoal and sodium sulphate is always advisable. There is no specific antidote.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	In the event of fire the following may be released:, Hydrogen chloride (HCl), Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Sulphur oxides, Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Accumulation of fine dust may entail the risk of a dust explosion in the presence of air.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Further information	Contain the spread of the fire-fighting media. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Precautions	Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Use personal protective equipment.
6.2 Environmental precautions	Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	Use mechanical handling equipment. Avoid dust formation. Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.
6.4 Reference to other sections	Information regarding safe handling, see section 7. Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8. Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	Avoid dust formation. Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation.
Advice on protection against fire and explosion	Dust may form explosive mixture in air. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Hygiene measures	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes separately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly before using again. Garments that cannot be cleaned must be destroyed (burnt).

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers	Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Keep away from direct sunlight. Protect from frost.
Advice on common storage	Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Suitable materials	FIBC-PP (Polypropylen; approx.1000 l)
7.3 Specific end use(s)	Refer to the label and/or leaflet.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium	144550-36-7	1 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*
Mesosulfuron-methyl	208465-21-8	10 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*
Thiencarbazone-methyl	317815-83-1	10 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*
Mefenpyr-diethyl	135590-91-9	10 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*
2-Ethylhexanol	104-76-7	5.4 mg/m3/1 ppm (TWA)	01 2020	EH40 WEL
Synthetic amorphous silica (Inhalable dust.)	112926-00-8	10 mg/m3 (TWA)	01 2020	EH40 WEL
Synthetic amorphous silica (Respirable dust.)	112926-00-8	4 mg/m3 (TWA)	01 2020	EH40 WEL
Synthetic amorphous silica (Inhalable dust.)	112926-00-8	6 mg/m3 (TWA)	2007	EH40 WEL
Synthetic amorphous silica (Respirable dust.)	112926-00-8	2.4 mg/m3 (TWA)	2007	EH40 WEL

*OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"

8.2 Exposure controls

Refer to COSHH assessment (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (Amendment) Regulations 2004). Engineering controls should be used in preference to personal protective equipment wherever practicable. Refer also to COSHH Essentials.

Personal protective equipment
In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

Respiratory protection	Wear respirator with a particle filter mask (protection factor 4) conforming to European Norm EN149FFP1 or equivalent. Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's

instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.

Hand protection

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.
Wash gloves when contaminated. Dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination outside cannot be removed.

Material	Nitrile rubber
Rate of permeability	> 480 min
Glove thickness	> 0.4 mm
Protective index	Class 6
Directive	Protective gloves complying with EN 374.

Eye protection

Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).

Skin and body protection

Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 5 suit.
If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective type suit.
Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and should be professionally laundered frequently.
If chemical protection suit is splashed, sprayed or significantly contaminated, decontaminate as far as possible, then carefully remove and dispose of as advised by manufacturer.

General protective measures

In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the above mentioned recommendations would apply.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form	water-dispersible granules
Colour	beige to brown
Odour	characteristic
Odour Threshold	No data available
Melting point/ range	No data available
Boiling Point	No data available
Flammability	The product is not highly flammable.
Upper explosion limit	No data available
Lower explosion limit	No data available
Flash point	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available

Ignition temperature	does not ignite
Minimum ignition energy	> 300 - < 1,000 mJ Apparatus MIKE 3
Thermal decomposition	210 °C Heating rate:3 K/min Decomposition energy:50 kJ/kg,
Self-accelarating decomposition temperature (SADT)	No data available
pH	8.0 - 10.0 (10 %) (23 °C) (deionized water)
Viscosity, dynamic	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	No data available
Water solubility	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: log Pow: -0.7 Mesosulfuron-methyl: log Pow: -0.48 Thiencarbazone-methyl: log Pow: -0.13 Mefenpyr-diethyl: log Pow: 3.83 (21 °C)
Vapour pressure	No data available
Density	No data available
Relative density	No data available
Bulk density	0.61 - 0.68 g/ml (loose)
Relative vapour density	No data available
Assessment nano particles	This substance/ mixture does not contain nanoforms.

9.2 Other information

Impact sensitivity	Not impact sensitive.
Explosivity	Not explosive 92/69/EEC, A.14 / OECD 113
Burning number	3 CN3 Local combustion without spreading (20 °C) 4 CN4 Spread of a glowing fire (100 °C)
Oxidizing properties	No oxidizing properties
Dust explosion Kst number	55 m.bar/s
Dust explosion class	capable of causing a dust explosion (modified Hartmann tube, ignition with continuous spark generator)
Evaporation rate	No data available

Other physico-chemical properties	Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity	Stable under normal conditions.
10.2 Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	Dust may form explosive mixture in air.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
10.5 Incompatible materials	Store only in the original container.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute oral toxicity	LD50 (Rat) > 2,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	LC50 (Rat) > 5.05 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Determined in the form of a respirable fine dust. Highest attainable concentration. During intended and foreseen applications, no respirable aerosol is formed.
Acute dermal toxicity	LD50 (Rat) > 2,000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	No skin irritation (Rabbit)
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Irritating to eyes. (Rabbit)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Non-sensitizing. (Mouse) OECD Test Guideline 429, local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Mesosulfuron-methyl: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Thiencarbazone-methyl: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Mefenpyr-diethyl: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.
Mesosulfuron-methyl did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.
Thiencarbazone-methyl did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Mefenpyr-diethyl did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Assessment mutagenicity

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.
Mesosulfuron-methyl was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.
Thiencarbazone-methyl was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.
Mefenpyr-diethyl was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Assessment carcinogenicity

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.
Mesosulfuron-methyl was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.
Thiencarbazone-methyl was not carcinogenic in a lifetime feeding study in rats. Thiencarbazone-methyl caused at high dose levels an increased incidence of tumours in mice in the following organ(s): Urinary bladder. The tumours seen with Thiencarbazone-methyl were caused through the chronic irritation due to the presence of bladder stones.
Mefenpyr-diethyl was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.
Mesosulfuron-methyl did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.
Thiencarbazone-methyl did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.
Mefenpyr-diethyl did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.

Assessment developmental toxicity

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.
Mesosulfuron-methyl did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.
Thiencarbazone-methyl did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.
Mefenpyr-diethyl caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Mefenpyr-diethyl are related to maternal toxicity.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Assessment	The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 13.9 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test conducted with a similar formulation.
Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 74.1 mg/l static testTest conducted with a similar formulation.

Toxicity to aquatic plants

EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 0.912 mg/l
Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h
Test conducted with a similar formulation.

EC50 (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)) 0.0161 mg/l
Exposure time: 7 d

NOEC (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 0.0158 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test conducted with a similar formulation.

NOEC (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)) 0.00458 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium:
Not rapidly biodegradable
Mesosulfuron-methyl:
Not rapidly biodegradable
Thiencarbazone-methyl:
Not rapidly biodegradable
Mefenpyr-diethyl:
Not rapidly biodegradable

Koc

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: Koc: 45
Mesosulfuron-methyl: Koc: 92
Thiencarbazone-methyl: Koc: 100
Mefenpyr-diethyl: Koc: 625

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium:
Does not bioaccumulate.
Mesosulfuron-methyl:
Does not bioaccumulate.
Thiencarbazone-methyl:
Does not bioaccumulate.
Mefenpyr-diethyl: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 232
Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: very mobile in soil
Mesosulfuron-methyl: very mobile in soil
Thiencarbazone-methyl: very mobile in soil
Mefenpyr-diethyl: mobile in soil

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
Mesosulfuron-methyl: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
Thiencarbazone-methyl: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Mefenpyr-diethyl: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Additional ecological information	Product contains substances which are persistent, mobile, and toxic (PMT). Product contains substances which are very persistent and very mobile (vPvM).

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	In accordance with current regulations and, if necessary, after consultation with the site operator and/or with the responsible authority, the product may be taken to a waste disposal site or incineration plant.
Contaminated packaging	Triple rinse containers. Do not re-use empty containers. Not completely emptied packagings should be disposed of as hazardous waste.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/RID/ADN

14.1 UN number	**3077**
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (IODOSULFURON-METHYL SODIUM, MESOSULFURON-METHYL MIXTURE)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES
Hazard no.	90
Tunnel Code	-

This classification is in principle not valid for carriage by tank vessel on inland waterways. Please refer to the manufacturer for further information.

IMDG

14.1 UN number	**3077**
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (IODOSULFURON-METHYL SODIUM, MESOSULFURON-METHYL MIXTURE)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Marine pollutant	YES

IATA

14.1 UN number	**3077**
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (IODOSULFURON-METHYL SODIUM, MESOSULFURON-METHYL MIXTURE)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES

UK 'Carriage' Regulations

14.1 UN number	**3077**
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (IODOSULFURON-METHYL SODIUM, MESOSULFURON-METHYL MIXTURE)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES
Emergency action code	2Z

14.6 Special precautions for user
See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments
No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

UK and Northern Ireland Regulatory References

This material may be subject to some or all of the following regulations (and any subsequent amendments). Users must ensure that any uses and restrictions as indicated on the label and/or leaflet are followed.

Transport

Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 1348)
Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997 (SI 1997 No 2367)
Air Navigation Dangerous Goods Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2786)

Supply and Use

Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 716)
Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) (Northern Ireland) Regulations 2009
Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2677)
EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits - Table 1 List of approved workplace exposure limits
Control of Pesticide Regulations 1986
Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002

Waste Treatment

Environmental Protection Act 1990, Part II
Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations 1991

The Waste Management Licensing Regulations 1994 (as amended)
Hazardous Waste Regulations 2005 (Replacing Special Waste Regulations 1996 as amended)
Landfill Directive
Regulation on Substances That Deplete the Ozone Layer 1994 (EEC/3093/94)
Water Resources Act 1991
Anti-Pollution Works Regulations 1999

Further information

WHO-classification: III (Slightly hazardous)

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Text of the hazard statements mentioned in Section 3

EUH450	Can cause long-lasting and diffuse contamination of water resources.
EUH451	Can cause very long-lasting and diffuse contamination of water resources.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute toxicity estimate
CAS-Nr.	Chemical Abstracts Service number
Conc.	Concentration
EC-No.	European community number
ECx	Effective concentration to x %
EH40 WEL	Worker Exposure Limit
EINECS	European inventory of existing commercial substances
ELINCS	European list of notified chemical substances
EN	European Standard
EU	European Union
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IBC	International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code)
ICx	Inhibition concentration to x %
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LCx	Lethal concentration to x %
LDx	Lethal dose to x %
LOEC/LOEL	Lowest observed effect concentration/level
MARPOL	MARPOL: International Convention for the prevention of marine pollution from ships

N.O.S.	Not otherwise specified
NOEC/NOEL	No observed effect concentration/level
OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SI	Statutory Instrument
TWA	Time weighted average
UN	United Nations
WHO	World health organisation

The above information is intended to give general health and safety guidance on the storage and transport of the product.
It is not intended to apply to the use of the product for which purposes the product label and any appropriate technical usage literature available should be consulted and any relevant licenses, consents or approvals complied with.
The requirements or recommendations of any relevant site or working procedure, system or policy in force or arising from any risk assessment involving the substance or product should take precedence over any of the guidance contained in this safety data sheet where there is a difference in the information given.
The information provided in this safety data sheet is accurate at the date of publication and will be updated as and when appropriate.
No liability will be accepted for any injury, loss or damage resulting from any failure to take account of information or advice contained in this safety data sheet.

Reason for Revision: Checked and revised according to Regulation (EU) 2023/707. The following sections have been revised: Section 2: Hazards Identification. Section 3: Composition / Information on Ingredients. Section 12. Ecological information.

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.