

 HORUS

 Version 7 / GB
 Revision Date: 27.08.2018

 102000008429
 Print Date: 05.09.2018

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name HORUS
Product code (UVP) 06268129

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use Herbicide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Bayer CropScience Limited

230 Cambridge Science Park

Milton Road Cambridge

Cambridgeshire CB4 0WB

United Kingdom

**Telephone** +44(0)1223 226500

Telefax +44(0)1223 426240

Responsible Department Email: ukcropsupport@bayer.com

1.4 Emergency telephone no.

**Emergency telephone no.** 00800 1020 3333 (24 hr)

#### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Eye irritation: Category 2

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Acute aquatic toxicity: Category 1

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Category 1

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Hazard label for supply/use required.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:



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- · Mesosulfuron-methyl, sodium salt
- lodosulfuron-methyl-sodium
- Mefenpyr-diethyl
- Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic, <1% naphthalene
- · Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic



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# Signal word: Warning Hazard statements

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for

use.

EUH208 Contains fatty alcohol ethoxylate alkyl ether. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### **Precautionary statements**

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P391 Collect spillage.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or

collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-

hazardous waste.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

No other hazards known.

### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### **Chemical nature**

Oil dispersion (OD)

Mesosulfuron-methyl/lodosulfuron-methyl-sodium/Mefenpyr-diethyl 10:2:30 g/l

#### **Hazardous components**

Hazard statements according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Name	CAS-No. / EC-No. / REACH Reg. No.	Classification REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	Conc. [%]
Mesosulfuron-methyl, sodium salt	208465-19-4	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	1.04
lodosulfuron-methyl- sodium	144550-36-7	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	0.22
Mefenpyr-diethyl	135590-91-9	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	3.00
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic, <1% naphthalene	64742-94-5 265-198-5 01-2119451097-39-xxxx	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	> 25.00



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Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6 265-199-0 01-2119455851-35-xxxx	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	> 2.00 - < 5.00
Docusate sodium	577-11-7 209-406-4 01-2119491296-29-xxxx	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	> 5.00 - < 10.00
Alcohols, C11-14-iso-, C13-rich, ethoxylated (6 EO), methylated	1492044-51-5	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	> 10.00 - < 20.00
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6 202-436-9	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	> 1.00 - < 5.00

#### **Further information**

Mesosulfuron-	208465-19-4	M-Factor: 1,000 (acute)
methyl, sodium salt		
lodosulfuron- methyl-sodium	144550-36-7	M-Factor: 1,000 (acute)

Substances for which there are Community workplace exposure limits:

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice Move out of dangerous area. Place and transport victim in stable

position (lying sideways). Remove contaminated clothing immediately

and dispose of safely.

**Inhalation** Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or

poison control center immediately.

**Skin contact** Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with

polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. If symptoms

persist, call a physician.

**Eye contact** Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at

least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Get medical attention if irritation

develops and persists.

**Ingestion** Do NOT induce vomiting. Risk of product entering the lungs on

vomiting after ingestion. Rinse mouth. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. To prevent aspiration of swallowed

product, lay in stable position on one side.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Headache, Nausea, Dizziness, Somnolence



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Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and

diarrhoea.

Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis.

Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms: Cough, Shortness of breath, Cyanosis, Fever Symptoms and hazards refer to the solvent.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Risks Contains hydrocarbon solvents. May pose an aspiration pneumonia

hazard.

**Treatment** Treat symptomatically. In case of ingestion gastric lavage should be

considered in cases of significant ingestions only within the first 2 hours. However, the application of activated charcoal and sodium

sulphate is always advisable. There is no specific antidote.

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Water spray, Alcohol-resistant foam, Dry powder, Carbon dioxide

(CO2)

**Unsuitable** High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or

mixture

In the event of fire the following may be released:, Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Sulphur oxides,

Hydrogen chloride (HCI), Hydrogen iodide (HI)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In the event

of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

**Further information** Whenever possible, contain fire-fighting water by diking area with sand or earth. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Precautions** Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Use

personal protective equipment.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water. If spillage enters drains leading to sewage works inform local water company immediately. If spillage enters rivers or watercourses, inform

the Environment Agency (emergency telephone number 0800

807060).



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#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid

binder, universal binder, sawdust). Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. Keep in

suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Additional advice Check also for any local site procedures.

6.4 Reference to other

sections

Information regarding safe handling, see section 7.

Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8.

Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling No specific precautions required when handling unopened

packs/containers; follow relevant manual handling advice. Ensure

adequate ventilation.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Hygiene measures Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes

separately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly

before using again. Garments that cannot be cleaned must be

destroyed (burnt).

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in original container. Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Store bulk material and packed materials in a closed warehouse or under cover protected against direct sunlight and frost.

Protect from freezing.

**Advice on common storage** Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Suitable materials Coex HDPE/EVOH/HDPE

**7.3 Specific end use(s)** Refer to the label and/or leaflet.

#### **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### 8.1 Control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Mesosulfuron-methyl, sodium salt	208465-19-4	10 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*
lodosulfuron-methyl-sodium	144550-36-7	1 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*
Mefenpyr-diethyl	135590-91-9	10 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*



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Solvent Naphtha	64742-95-6	116 mg/m3/20 ppm	2014	EU SCOELS
(petroleum), light aromatic	04742-95-0	(TWA)	2014	EU SCOELS
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	290 mg/m3/50 ppm (STEL)	2014	EU SCOELS
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	125 mg/m3/25 ppm (TWA)	12 2011	EH40 WEL
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	100 mg/m3/20 ppm (TWA)	12 2009	EU ELV
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	100 mg/m3/20 ppm (TWA)	2014	EU SCOELS
Mesosulfuron-methyl	208465-21-8	10 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*
Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium	144550-36-7	1 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*

<sup>\*</sup>OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Refer to COSHH assessment (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (Amendment) Regulations 2004). Engineering controls should be used in preference to personal protective equipment wherever practicable. Refer also to COSHH Essentials.

#### Personal protective equipment

In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

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Respiratory protection is not required under anticipated circumstances of exposure.

Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's

instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.

Hand protection

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

Wash gloves when contaminated. Dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination outside cannot be

removed.

Material Nitrile rubber
Rate of permeability > 480 min
Glove thickness > 4 mm
Protective index Class 6

Directive Protective gloves complying with EN

374.

Eye protection

Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).

Skin and body protection

Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 6 suit.

If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective type suit.



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Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and

should be professionally laundered frequently.

If chemical protection suit is splashed, sprayed or significantly contaminated, decontaminate as far as possible, then carefully remove and dispose of as advised by manufacturer.

#### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form Liquid

Colourbeige to pinkOdouraromatic

**pH** 7.0 - 8.5 at 10 % (23 °C) (deionized water)

Flash point ca.93 °C

**Auto-ignition temperature** 405 °C at 1,021 hPa **Density** ca. 1.00 g/cm³ at 20 °C

Water solubility dispersible

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Mesosulfuron-methyl: log Pow: -0.48

lodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: log Pow: -0.7 Mefenpyr-diethyl: log Pow: 3.83 at 21 °C

Viscosity, dynamic 30 - 150 mPa.s at 20 °C Velocity gradient 20 /s

25 - 100 mPa.s at 20 °C Velocity gradient 100 /s

Surface tension 29.9 mN/m at 40 °C

Determined in the undiluted form.

Oxidizing properties No oxidizing properties

**Explosivity** Not explosive

**9.2 Other information** Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

#### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1 Reactivity

**Thermal decomposition** Stable under normal conditions.

**10.2 Chemical stability** Stable under recommended storage conditions.

**10.3 Possibility of**No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to

hazardous reactions prescribed instructions.



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**10.4 Conditions to avoid** Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

**10.5 Incompatible materials** Store only in the original container.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

#### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity LD50 (Rat) >= 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity

During intended and foreseen applications, no respirable aerosol is

formed.

Acute dermal toxicity LD50 (Rat) > 4,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Slight irritant effect - does not require labelling. (Rabbit)

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Irritating to eyes. (Rabbit)

**Respiratory or skin** Non-sensitizing. (Guinea pig)

sensitisation OECD Test Guideline 406, Buehler test

#### Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Mesosulfuron-methyl: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. lodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mefenpyr-diethyl: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Mesosulfuron-methyl did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies. Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies. Mefenpyr-diethyl did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

#### Assessment mutagenicity

Mesosulfuron-methyl was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests. Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests. Mefenpyr-diethyl was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

#### Assessment carcinogenicity

Mesosulfuron-methyl was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice. lodosulfuron-methyl-sodium was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice. Mefenpyr-diethyl was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

#### Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Mesosulfuron-methyl did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats. Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats. Mefenpyr-diethyl did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.

#### Assessment developmental toxicity

Mesosulfuron-methyl did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits. lodosulfuron-methyl-sodium did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.



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Mefenpyr-diethyl caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Mefenpyr-diethyl are related to maternal toxicity.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1 Toxicity

invertebrates

**Toxicity to fish** LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 8.83 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to aquatic

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 7.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to aquatic plants EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)) 6.71 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC50 (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)) 88.4 μg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability Mesosulfuron-methyl:

Not rapidly biodegradable lodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: Not rapidly biodegradable

Mefenpyr-diethyl:

Not rapidly biodegradable

**Koc** Mesosulfuron-methyl: Koc: 92

lodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: Koc: 45

Mefenpyr-diethyl: Koc: 625

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulation** Mesosulfuron-methyl:

Does not bioaccumulate. lodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: Does not bioaccumulate.

Mefenpyr-diethyl: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 232

Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil Mesosulfuron-methyl: Moderately mobile in soils

lodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: Mobile in soils Mefenpyr-diethyl: Slightly mobile in soils

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment Mesosulfuron-methyl: This substance is not considered to be persistent,

bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

lodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).



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Mefenpyr-diethyl: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Additional ecological

information

No other effects to be mentioned.

#### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Product** In accordance with current regulations and, if necessary, after

consultation with the site operator and/or with the responsible authority, the product may be taken to a waste disposal site or incineration plant. Advice may be obtained from the local waste regulation authority (part

of the Environment Agency in the UK).

**Contaminated packaging** Small containers (< 10 l or < 10 kg) should be rinsed thoroughly using

an integrated pressure rinsing device, or, by manually rinsing three

times.

Add washings to sprayer at time of filling. Dispose of empty and cleaned packaging safely.

Large containers (> 25 I or > 25 kg) should not be rinsed or re-used for

any other purpose.

Return large containers to supplier.

Follow advice on product label and/or leaflet.

Waste key for the unused

product

02 01 08\* agrochemical waste containing hazardous substances

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### ADR/RID/ADN

14.1 UN number **3082** 

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(IODOSULFURON-METHYL SODIUM, MESOSULFURON-METHYL, SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) HEAVY

AROMATIC MIXTURE)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
14.4 Packaging Group

III s Mark YES

14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark Hazard no.

90

9

This classification is in principle not valid for carriage by tank vessel on inland waterways. Please refer to the manufacturer for further information.

#### **IMDG**

14.1 UN number **3082** 

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.



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(IODOSULFURON-METHYL SODIUM, MESOSULFURON-METHYL, SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) HEAVY

AROMATIC MIXTURE)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9
14.4 Packaging Group III
14.5 Marine pollutant YES

**IATA** 

14.1 UN number 3082

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(IODOSULFURON-METHYL SODIUM, MESOSULFURON-METHYL, SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) HEAVY

AROMATIC MIXTURE )

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
14.4 Packaging Group
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark
YES

**UK 'Carriage' Regulations** 

14.1 UN number **3082** 

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(IODOSULFURON-METHYL SODIUM, MESOSULFURON-METHYL, SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) HEAVY

AROMATIC MIXTURE)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)914.4 Packaging GroupIII14.5 Environm. Hazardous MarkYESEmergency action code3Z

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

#### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **UK and Northern Ireland Regulatory References**

This material may be subject to some or all of the following regulations (and any subsequent amendments). Users must ensure that any uses and restrictions as indicated on the label and/or leaflet are followed.

#### **Transport**

Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 1348)

Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997 (SI 1997 No 2367) Air Navigation Dangerous Goods Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2786)

#### Supply and Use



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Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 716) Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) (Northern Ireland) Regulations 2009

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2677)

EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits - Table 1 List of approved workplace exposure limits

Control of Pesticide Regulations 1986

Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002

#### **Waste Treatment**

Environmental Protection Act 1990, Part II

Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations 1991

The Waste Management Licensing Regulations 1994 (as amended)

Hazardous Waste Regulations 2005 (Replacing Special Waste Regulations 1996 as amended)

**Landfill Directive** 

Regulation on Substances That Deplete the Ozone Layer 1994 (EEC/3093/94)

Water Resources Act 1991

Anti-Pollution Works Regulations 1999

#### **Further information**

WHO-classification: III (Slightly hazardous)

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not required.

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

## Text of the hazard statements mentioned in Section 3

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

SI Statutory Instrument EH40 WEL Worker Exposure Limit

ADN European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

**Inland Waterways** 

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road

ATE Acute toxicity estimate

CAS-Nr. Chemical Abstracts Service number ECx Effective concentration to x % EC-No. European community number

EINECS European inventory of existing commercial substances

ELINCS European list of notified chemical substances

EN European Standard



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EU European Union

IATA International Air Transport Association

IBC International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous

Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code) Inhibition concentration to x %

IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods

Conc. Concentration

**IC**x

LCx Lethal concentration to x %

LDx Lethal dose to x %

LOEC/LOEL Lowest observed effect concentration/level

MARPOL: International Convention for the prevention of marine pollution from ships

N.O.S. Not otherwise specified

NOEC/NOEL No observed effect concentration/level

OECD Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

RID Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

TWA Time weighted average

UN United Nations

WHO World health organisation

**Reason for Revision:** Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830. The

following sections have been revised: Section 2: Hazards Identification.

Section 3: Composition / Information on Ingredients. Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection. Section 11: Toxicological

Information.

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.

The above information is intended to give general health and safety guidance on the storage and transport of the product.

It is not intended to apply to the use of the product for which purposes the product label and any appropriate technical usage literature available should be consulted and any relevant licenses, consents or approvals complied with.

The requirements or recommendations of any relevant site or working procedure, system or policy in force or arising from any risk assessment involving the substance or product should take precedence over any of the guidance contained in this safety data sheet where there is a difference in the information given.

The information provided in this safety data sheet is accurate at the date of publication and will be updated as and when appropriate.

No liability will be accepted for any injury, loss or damage resulting from any failure to take account of information or advice contained in this safety data sheet.